# BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY JOHN H. LYNDE. BANGOR (ME.) WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 10, 1869. VOLUME XXXVI NUMBER 268.



THE BANGOR

**Daily Whig & Courier,**

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

At No. 5, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor

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2 00 for Three Months
STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

**The Bangor Weekly Courier**

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

at the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year invariably in advance

AGENCIES

PUDGELL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston
" Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents to receive Advertisements and Subscriptions for us.

LAF Agent, Scollay's Building Court Lo on

Terms must in all cases be paid in advance
Any Subscriber finding this notice marked will understand that the time for which they paid has expired
Subscription expires


## REAL ESTATE

### For Rent.

A desirable situation on Broadway, 1½ miles from the P O —House Ell and Stable with 10 acres of Land in high state of cultivation, with fruit tree &c.
Nov1 R F GOULD, 55 Central Street

### Boarding House FOR RENT.

A CONVENIENT HOUSE for a Boarding House having ten good chambers three parlors, dining room and kitchen quite near the centre of business, and in a good neighborhood
oct27 GEO W LADD
Broad Street

### For Rent

ONE SMALL TENEMENT in good order near the Penobscot Central Depot Also rooms and part of rooms in the Gothic Block, Main street Apply to ALBERT EMERSON
2w

### FOR SALE.

THE BRICK HOUSE on State Street formerly the residence of the late A P ELWOOD This is a very desirable place and will be sold at a good bargain and on easy terms
J B FOSTER
oct6 1m At M. M. Ins Office

### Real Estate for Sale In WINTERPORT.

THE WELL KNOWN DWELLING HOUSE on Main street formerly occupied by C. Lee Bowers, will be sold at public auction on the premises at two o'clock P M
WEDNESDAY, October 27th

The above is offered at private sale This property will be sold VERY CHEAP for cash, affording a rare opportunity for investment
Apply to JOHN AREY Winterport, Me.
Oct 27

### House for Sale.

HOUSE NO 6 BROWN ST., occupied by B F Adams For particulars inquire on the premises or of D E T WANGATT, Kenduskeag Bridge
oct19

### Store and Offices for Rent.

STORE on the corner of Main & Broad Streets now occupied by Stone & Daggett also two rooms in Third Story and one large Room in the Fourth Possession given immediately
E S PRESCOTT

### Office for Rent

A VERY DESIRABLE OFFICE over Jones Brothers Clothing Store, West End Kenduskeag Bridge Apply to JONES BROTHERS

### For Sale.

MY HOUSE AND LOT, No 34, Charles street Any one wishing to purchase will please call and examine
Sept30 tf JONATHAN COCHRAN.

### Real Estate for Sale.

HOUSES on both sides Kenduskeag Bridge from $800 to $3000 in the city proper
Also, a House with or without from one to ten acres land two miles from town House in excellent condition, eastern shore For sale at a great bargain and will be exchanged for city property if desired
Also Farms in Exeter, Veazie Bradford and Corinth
Sept 9 FRED H or PHILIP COOMBS. tf

### Real Estate for Sale.

A GOOD HOUSE with many modern improvements, about a mile and a half from Kenduskeag Bridge being formerly the home, and of Benjamin Gulliver.
A good lot of land connected with the premises will be sold also if necessary.
Also the Homestead of James H Shaw, late of Levant situate in the same neighborhood
A fee simple title will be given in both cases For further particulars apply to
J F GODFREY,
sept7 tf Dow's Block.

### FOR SALE.

A GOOD TWO STORY HOUSE, and Stable pleasantly located, modern style, ten rooms hard and soft water, corner lot at a bargain Inquire of B. N. THOMS
June7th 1869 tf

### For Sale or to Let.

The TAVERN STAND known as the Sacramento House situated in Upper Stillwater, on the main travelled up river road, eight miles from Bangor. The buildings are large and commodious, with two good stables and a nice Hall. An excellent situation for any one who knows how to keep a hotel.
Terms and particulars enquire at the office of STETSON & MASON on Exchange street, or of the above at Upper Stillwater
A. B. Sutton.
Upper Stillwater, Dec. 8th, 1868. tf

### For Sale.

House and Lot 173 State street. House two stories, nearly new, in good repair Enquire at 76 Exchange st. M D. HODGKINS
may 18

## ATTENTION!

28 Main St., 28

IS THE PLACE TO GET

Good Bargains

—IN—

**Watches, Clocks, Jewelry,**

—AND—

Plated Ware of all Kinds, Cheap,

We bought low, and we shall sell our goods

*AS LOW AS THE LOWEST,*

OUR FRIENDS

And the public are invited to call and see for themselves

Don't forget the place

28 Main Street, 28

PATTEN & DINSMORE'S.

H P S. PATTEN J T DINSMORE

Bangor Oct 15 1869.

### Fine Stereoscopic Views

OF MT. DESERT, just received at
oct11 BARTLETT'S

### Onions!

ON hand and constantly arriving, at GREENACRE & TAYLOR'S
tf 36 Mercantile Square

### Rubber Curry Combs,

AN APPROVED STYLE.

Now being extensively used by all stable keepers. Sold by J. P. PATTEN & CO
No. 1 Granite Block, Bangor

### Notice

To those sending for their Friends in the Old Country,

I will sell tickets by the Cunard line of Steamers, Montreal Ocean Line, and National Line, as cheap, and passage, that can be obtained in any other office in Bangor
Drafts for £1 Sterling and upwards, for sale on the Royal Bank of Ireland, Dublin
WM. BRENNAN
June 23d, 1869 106 Main Street, Bangor, Maine.

## LET THE EAGLE SCREAM.

Who is Afraid?

## THE BOSTON BUTTON STORE

Still Lives, and the Country is Safe

But Speaking about

## FANCY GOODS,

If you want anything in that line just call on

**J. P. TUCKER,**

**28 CENTRAL STREET.**

And if he can't sell them at prices to suit you may as well give up looking

### Special Bargains in Everything.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hosiery and Gloves, | Hoop Skirts and Corsets |
| Ladies & Gent's Undergarments | Fancy Jewelry |
| Edgings and Braids. | Worsteds |
| Nubias and Scarfs. | Children's Jackets, |
| Buttons and Trimmings | Handkerchiefs |
| Albums. | Hair and Tooth Brushes |

And Everything that comes in our Line.

BE SURE AND CALL.

LOOK FOR THE SIGN

BOSTON BUTTON STORE,

28 CENTRAL STREET, BANGOR, MAINE

November 1 J. P. TUCKER.

## HOW TO SAVE MONEY!

BUY YOUR

## Dry Goods

—OF—

## J. T. RINES & CO., 17 Main Street.

Just Received, the Latest Novelties in

## DRESS GOODS!

—ALSO—

| | |
|---|---|
| Light Cloakings, | White Cloakings, |
| Scarlet Cloakings, | Sealskin Cloakings, |
| Waterproof Cloakings, | Cashmere Shawls, |
| Plaid Shawls, | Chena Shawls, |

And last, but not least a solid case of

## BLACK ALPACAS,

At Prices that beat them all.

Our Cloak and Dress Making Rooms are now open Work done in the best possible manner, under the direction of Mrs P B GRAY and Mrs L D WORKS

J. T. RINES & CO.

BANGOR, October 16, 1869

**HOUSE, SHIP, CARRIAGE AND ORNAMENTAL**

## PAINTS,

A LARGE AND COMPLETE STOCK,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

BLOOD & ROWE,

Oct 12 121 Exchange St, Bangor

### Wanted.

200,000 ROCK MAPLE BLOCKS Sizes to make Mens Women and Boys Boots and Shoe Lasts viz
120 000 Men's Blocks
40 000 Women's High Blocks
20 000 Women's Common Blocks
20 000 Boys' Common Blocks
For further particulars address
GIBSON & WALKER
Oct 30 tf. No 117 North Street, Boston

### SEWING MACHINES.

THE AMERICAN MACHINE

Makes Button Holes, Over Seams, Binds Cords Tucks Hems Gathers, has all the late improvements and is the

*The Best Family Machine in the Market*

Price, $75 American Plain Machine $80
With nice Walnut covers
DANIEL WHITE, Agent
Oct 23 No 2 Kenduskeag Bridge

### Root's School for the Cabinet Organ.

Containing Progressive Lessons Studies, and Scales Songs Duets Trios, and Quartets, Voluntaries, Interludes, and Recreative pieces, for the Parlor and Choir
A work of established popularity. Annual sale 12 000

By GEORGE F ROOT.

Price $2.50 Sent post paid on receipt of price.

O DITSON & CO., 277 Washington St, Boston
C H DITSON & CO., 711 Broadway New York
mch4 d&wly ch qr oct4

### LARGE INVOICES —OF— Drugs and Chemicals

At BRADBURY'S

DYING MATERIALS and Colors, At BRADBURY'S
PATENT MEDICINES, largest stock in this State. At BRADBURY'S
BRUSHES of all kinds and qualities At BRADBURY'S
OILS of every description At BRADBURY'S
TRUSSES, SUPPORTERS and BRACES At BRADBURY'S
FRUITS in CANS At BRADBURY'S
CIGARS and TOBACCO, At BRADBURY'S
TOILET GOODS, the best in the world, At BRADBURY'S
POTASH and Concentrated Lye, At BRADBURY'S
FEATHER DUSTERS, Leads, Oils and Colors, At BRADBURY'S

All goods at Lowest Prices
B F BRADBURY
oct28 Nos. 6 and 8 Smith's Block

### Harper's Bazaar, No. 38.

CONTAINS an interesting description of Dr A C HAMLIN'S FAMOUS OF AMERICAN GEMS It can be obtained at
At CHAS HIGHTS,
sept28 3 Smith's Block.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the next Legislature for the incorporation of the Whitcomb Carriage Manufacturing Company.
Nov7 3w

### Room Papers

NEW STYLES Just received by
Oct6 D BUGBEE & CO

FOGG & BRIDGES,

## HARDWARE DOORS, WINDOWS, Paints and Oils.

No. 4 Pickering Square.

BANGOR

Bangor Oct 28 1869 d&w

### YOU CAN SAVE $50 to $100

BY BUYING YOUR

## PIANO-FORTES

OF PATTEN & WHITTEN

New Masonic Block Main Street

CALL OR SEND FOR PRICE LIST

Pianos sold on instalment

Bangor August 1869 d&w

## FROM AUCTION.

JUST RECEIVED and selling CHEAP a large lot of

Hamburg Edgings and Insertings

Also to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of

Millinery and Fancy Goods,

Which I will sell as CHEAP as the CHEAPEST

Call and see at No 5 Main Street
Under Hatch House
O 20 tf SLAVE COLCORD

## READ.

On the other side of same Store O F PATTEN is prepared to sell all kinds of

*Lads Misses' and Children's Boots,*

For Fall and Winter wear

Call and see new styles of Forced Goods in Button and Polish Also Boys Thick Boots cheap Slippers Rubbers, Bronze Varnish, Boot Buttoners, and Buttons, &c. &c
Oct 20 tf No 6 Main St under Hatch House

### Extract of Dandelion,

FOR MAKING BEER. A delicious Summer drink Sold by J P PATTEN & CO, may 1 No 1 Granite Block, Bangor

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the style of HODGKINS & CO and will carry on the business of the old firm at the same place, No 7 Exchange Street
J A HODGKINS
N. M HARTWELL.
Bangor Sept. 14 1869 oct5

### Decalcomanie.

A NEW LOT OF DESIGNS for Decalcomanie, just received at CHAS. HIGHTS.

### Sleighs, Sleighs.

WE are constantly receiving from the Manufactory of EDWARD RIDDLE, Boston some very superior

*Sleighs, Pungs and Carriages*

which may be seen in Norombega Market, and for sale by
SMITH & HALLETT
Nov1 3m*

### Now is the Time.

PREPARE FOR COLD WEATHER, by buying

**Outside Windows,**

Cellar Windows, Doors, Sash &c

—OF—

M SCHWARTZ,

Nos 153 & 141 Exchange St

Where may be found the LARGEST STOCK and BEST VARIETY IN THE CITY

CALL AND SEE

Bangor Oct 27

### LARGE LOT

—OF—

OUTSIDE WINDOWS,

Glazed or unglazed

AT WASHBURN'S SASH DOOR and BLIND FACTORY Dole & Foss's Mill Front Street Bangor

CHEAPER THAN DIRT

Oct 25 4w*

### FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale a handsome and valuable carriage horse at a great bargain as he has been used for him at present Said horse is eight years old and weighs about nine hundred pounds

B H SHERMAN

With J A Hathaway Office—Room No 3 in Wheelwright & Clark's Block West Market Square
Bangor Oct 26 tf

### CLOSING OUT

We are closing out our full stock of

## Painted Blinds,

As it is getting late for them to be less than cost

Also a good assortment of

Hardware, Paints and Oils

VERY LOW

No 25 West Market Square

BUTLER & HAYNES.

oct30

### Livery, Boarding and Sale Stable

The subscriber has the pleasure of announcing to his friends and the citizens of Bangor generally that he has opened a New stable on the corner of Columbia and Cross streets on the old Hatch House premises where he intends to furnish first class teams for the accommodation of the public Also first class board for horses By strict attention to the wants of his customers he hopes to merit a share of the public patronage
CHAS A HUNT

Bangor Oct 28 1869

### 1870.

THE ATLANTIC ALMANAC for 1870 is out
oct16 At CHAS HIGHTS

### Winterport R R. Company.

THE undersigned the Directors of the Winterport Railroad Company, and seven persons named in the first section of the Act entitled an Act to incorporate the Winterport Railroad Company Approved February 28th, 1867 by virtue of the authority given them in said act hereby give notice that the first meeting of the subscribers to the Capital Stock of said Railroad Company will be held at the office of A H Hubbard in Winterport on Thursday the 25th day of November 1869 at two o'clock P M to choose seven Directors by-laws, and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before said meeting.

Y H HUBBARD
J H CUMMING
LATHLEY RICH
JHOS W VOSE
JOB LORD
T A KNOWLTON
THEOPHILUS CUSHING
Winterport Nov 6 1869 nov8 tf

### RUBBER COATS.

A Large Stock and at Very Low Prices,

—AT—

WOOD'S,

Corner Main & Hammond Streets

### FLOUR.

COLES' FFEO Plants St Joseph May Flower, Meteor's Extra Renwood Camilla Aurora Pine street New Genesee

### CORN AND MEAL,

*VERY LOW FOR CASH*

WALTER BROWN & SON

110 and 114 Exchange St.

Oct 1869 tf

### Special Notice.

THE subscriber of the late firm of E & S LOW & CO., tenders thanks to his friends and the public for past patronage long bestowed and would inform them that he is ready to attend to all orders in the MOVING LINE Brick Wood or Stone Buildings Raised or Moved to order
Res dence 28 Centre Street. Box 385
S S LOW

Bangor April 1 1869

### Groceries & Provisions.

CIDER VINEGAR
PICKLES,
SPICES,
CLOTHES PINS
SUGAR
TEA
COFFEE
SOAPS OF ALL KINDS,
SALERATUS &c &c

Wholesale and retail as Cheap as the cheapest,
may 10 JOHN KIMBALL & SON

### Schooner Harriet,

CAPT BRETT

Will leave BANGOR for ST ANDREWS every Tuesday, at 6 o'clock P M For freight apply to
S H DALE & CO Bangor
CAPT P BRETT

A LARGE LOT OF

### LADIES' UNDERVESTS,

Very cheap at the
Oct9 BOSTON BUTTON STORE.

### Bangor Music Store.

HOWES MUSICAL MONTHLY SHEET MUSIC Piano Organ and Melodeon Instructors
LOWELL & SPENCER'S
sept21 14 Main Street

### MEN'S THICK, KIP AND CALF BOOTS,

In any quantity quality and price at

HILLS & BAKER'S,

oct 4 West End Kenduskeag Bridge

### Boys' Clothing!

A Large Invoice of

Boys' and Youth's Clothing!

Just added to our Large Stock of Men's Clothing

Jones Brothers.

may 6

## SAW DUST

FOR BANKING UP HOUSES
For sale by
MORSE & CO.
Oct 7.

### We Propose

to sell JEWELRY

## VERY LOW,

At 14 Main Street.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

LOWELL & SPENCER.

sept 21 tf

### BUSINESS CARDS.

**Notice**

I HAVE opened a shop at Shirley's Corner for the purpose of MAKING AND REPAIRING AXES
I will warrant every axe to be good or no pay
Oct8 BUSSELL

AT MR JOHNSON'S

**TONSORIAL ROOMS,**

Over Hills & Baker's Shoe Store Kenduskeag Bridge

PROF E BAKER

Late of Williams Tonsorial Rooms Boston
THANKFUL for the generous patronage bestowed upon the late firm of Williams & Baker's Shoe Store Kenduskeag Bridge one of the smooth shaves or fash onable haircuts
Sept 14 tf

### LERGUE BARBER —AND— Wig-Maker,

Will be happy to wait on his old customers at his Old Stand, Front Street Bangor Where can be had under the same roof Ladies' entrance Exchange street
Oct 25 4w*

### Dental Card.

Dr J. F. BABCOCK,

Office and Residence 9 Court Street

### SURGEON DENTIST,

No 9 Odd Fellows Block Bangor

### GILMAN CRAM, Ship Broker,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Notary Public

Office at Bangor Marine Railway

Will attend promptly to the Measurement, Purchase and Sale of Vessels, Procuring Crews, Clearing at the Custom House, Procuring Insurance, Chartering Vessels to all parts of the world, and all business connected with the Shipping interest

Bangor March 18 1869

### DR E C YOUNG, Surgeon Dentist,

Will attend to all operations in Dentistry in all its branches
Natural TEETH FILLED and ARTIFICIAL TEETH FILLED and Silver or Vulcanized Rubber Plates inserted at short notice
All work warranted to be the best and done in the latest and most approved manner
Office in Temple Block, where he can be found at all times
Over Alden's Drug Store

### H L MITCHELL,

Attorney and Counsellor-at Law,

OFFICE AT
OLD CORNER NO 4 MARKET SQUARE
Next Wheelwright & Clark's Block
Bangor Me

### WM T HILLIARD,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office at Mercantile Block Main street
Bangor Nov 2 1866—tf

### RAILROAD CAR AND CHAIR MACHINERY

CYLINDER STAVE SAWS of any diameter Wood Working Machinery of every description Portable and Stationary Steam Engines Machinery Belting Pulleys Water Wheels Shafting &c manufactured by the
BAY STATE MACHINE CO
Newtonville Middlesex Co Mass
Any orders sent to the Bangor Whig and Courier Office will receive prompt attention
Nov 1 3m

### FILES.... FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME to Sharpen up and get ready for Spring Work

### 1000 Doz. Files,

And an finishing of the Dexter week which I will sell at

### The Lowest Prices,

and will warrant them equal to any imported
Call and see them

*OLD FILES RE-CUT, as usual*

JOB COLLETT,

EXCHANGE STREET

### Blacksmith Work!

Done to Order, at City Point.

### SHIP WORK

Of all kinds as follows—Anchors and Chains repaired Bolts and Thimbles made and repaired Block and Pinkstrope Pick Poles and Picks fitted Rudder shackles and Chains for Booms Boat Irons of all kinds

WOODS WORK

Of all kinds Driving Corks and Post Car Dogs made to order Bradland Chains Timber Dogs and Hay Hooks Heads and Barrel Iron Hoops and Harpoons Claw Bars Ship Chandlery work Calking Mallets and Mauls made

All kinds of Iron work on Vessels

PROMPT ORDER

L D. Higgins

Bangor April 14 1869

## WEED. WEED. WEED.

### THE WEED SEWING MACHINE CO.,

*OF HARTFORD CONN*

Take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Bangor and vicinity that they have established a

BRANCH OFFICE.

No 6 UNION BLOCK MAIN STREET

Where Machines of their manufacture in their varied and beautiful styles of finish will be constantly upon exhibition

*THE NEW AND LATE IMPROVED*

### Weed "Family Favorite,"

has only to be seen and tried to be appreciated as the

THE STRAIGHT NEEDLE,

Making the

"Tight Lock" or "Shuttle" Stitch,

And is *SIMPLICITY AND EASE OF OPERATING IS UNSURPASSED*

Every Machine guaranteed to do all recommended and to give perfect satisfaction to the purchaser

We shall sell for cash good note, or upon

THE INSTALLMENT PLAN

All persons desirous of a

GOOD FAMILY

## Sewing Machine,

are specially invited to call and examine the

Weed Family Favorite.

Canvassing Agents Wanted

H. H. CARY, Agent.

Bangor, Sept. 4, 1869. d&wtf


## Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. Weekly 1835.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING

For one square (amount of 1 line as that type.)
one insertion, $1 00
For one square three times in the Daily, 1 50
For one square one week 2 00
each week's continuance, 75
For half square, one time 75
For half square three times 1 00
For half square one week 1 25
each week's continuance 40
For one square in Weekly three times 1 50
each week continuance 25

SPECIAL NOTICES

$4.50 per square for first week $1 00 per square for continuance

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices"

Advertisements continued for less time each week will be charged one third price

Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered

All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices," 10 cents per line, each insertion for three insertions and 20 cents per line for leaded


## TELEGRAPHIC

### Free Trade Meeting

ST LOUIS, Nov 9

The people in favor of Free trade held a meeting in Mercantile Hall last night and were addressed by Professor Perry, General Brinkerhoff and Mahlon Sands Prof Perry delivered the first address He brought up a great array of facts to prove his positions which were heartily applauded

General Brinkerhoff pronounced the Free trade League the best charity in the country as it will lift untold burdens from the poor and make it easier for every man to earn an honest living Protection, he said pillages the people and should be denounced by every philanthropist and patriot in the land

Mr Sands explained the Free Trade League's association and made an earnest appeal to the audience to form a Free Trade Club

### Murder in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG Nov 9

Mrs Isabella Campbell, residing near Soho bridge, was brutally murdered by her husband Thomas Campbell, an Express driver, some time last night The murderer surrendered himself to the Mayor this morning and stated that his wife had died from falling down stairs On an examination of the house the body of Mrs Campbell was found covered with gashes she evidently having been beaten to death by a poker The neighbors testified to Campbell having quarrelled with his wife during the night.

### A Carriage Shop Burned.

CLEVELAND Nov 9

A shocking affair occurred in this city several o'clock this afternoon between Balthazar Reed, a member of the City Council, and R W Wilson Schmitt The latter who was a minister in the Lutheran Church, quit preaching some three months ago and has since been a lager beer saloon He was visited by Councilman Reed and they spent some time in social chat and drinking Reed finally got up to leave when Schmitt went to the bar got his pistol and deliberately fired at Lieut Schmitt did not attempt to fire again, but rushed off and swallowed some strychnine He was arrested and lodged in jail

### Strikemens Strike.

NEW YORK, Nov 9

A Port Jervis special dated last night says yesterday the yard at this place was filled with trains and continues so to a late hour to-night.

General Superintendent Rucker came up last night and Gould and Fisk today. The new brakemen who desired work were refused and discharged about 120 men in New York today and a portion left the train and more were expected to go

Sheriff Van Sickle has been here today with a posse of men to prevent the strikers from molesting any who went out on duty This was unnecessary as the strikers were peaceably disposed and have done no demonstration

A number of trains have got off to-day We Gould says the Company will not give in this time

The brakemen on the Erie road are all organized and necessary to carry the fight to the Delaware division men will join in the movement It is a bad state of affairs to amuse the rest of it

Long it special police are being sworn in to protect and prevent disturbances — At present one hundred men are in the service

### Marine Disaster

PORTLAND MONROE, Nov 9

Brig Rosina is ashore on Cape Henry Assistance has been sent her

### The Vote on the Constabulary Law

DOVER N H, Nov 9

It is now in this city on the State Constabulary law very light, and but little interest appears to be manifested on the election At 12 o'clock the vote in two wards is 53 for and 177 against the law

### Cattle Plague

CINCINNATI, O, Nov 9

The cattle plague has broken out among the cattle of Pfeiffers, in Lorrestownship — Forty head have died and the disease is still raging The cattle are all natives Have not been exposed to contagion from foreign stock. Every efforts are making to prevent the spread of the disease — The health officers are of the opinion that it is the result of feeding on still

### Victor Emanuel

FLORENCE, Nov 9.

The official paper of this city publishes the following announcement to day "The physicians attending on King Victor Emanuel now report him entirely out of danger

### Execution of Pike

CONCORD N. H., Nov. 9

Josiah J Pike who murdered Thomas Brown and wife, two aged people at Hampton Falls in May, 1868, was hanged today in the jail yard in this city

Mr Disraeli by the cable informs us, died at his residence in Eaton Square" It was one of the peculiarities of Mr Peabody that he would never have a "house of his own He cared little for himself in all things it was his habit, for instance, to send off a mutton chop at the grand dinners he used to give where every luxury was spread upon the table He had a room in the house of his old friend Sir Curtis M Lampe in Eaton Square, and it was there that he died He used to live there in the most quiet and retired manner and his name did not appear in any directory or Court Guide" He has suffered much during the last four years and would very seldom be induced to call in a doctor, when he did he neither obeyed the doctor's orders nor took his medicine. As one of his physicians complained a short time ago, Mr Peabody was a most unsatisfactory patient. He hated to be asked after his health, or to have any fuss made over him He will, no doubt, be buried in Danvers, Mass that, at least, was the wish he often expressed in his life time

The labor question in California is creating much excitement, and numerous meetings have been held. The planters favor the importation of Chinese, but the commercial and laboring classes urge the encouragement of European emigration — All agree that a fresh supply of labor is absolutely necessary for the agricultural interests of the country.

### ALL SORTS AND SIZES.

Guizot is a strong admirer of Pere Hyacinthe

French Catholic papers pronounce 'startling revelations' regarding Pere Hyacinthe

According to statistics college graduates seldom marry

The Edinburg Review does not regard Bismark as a great statesman

Martin Milmore, of Boston, is finishing a marble bust of Senator Wilson

King George, of Greece, devotes hours daily to practice on the velocipede

Rich gulch diggings have been struck in Curry County, Oregon

Wagner and Louis have become bitter enemies

Edwin Booth will reappear as Hamlet in his theatre December 2

The Sultan has given £10 000 to each of his three Cabinet Ministers

General Hardee is talked of for President of the Alabama University

San Francisco has seventy five aeronsters

California uses from six to seven tons of 'giant powder' a month

A dispatch to the Louisville Journal announced the death of a prominent man by Jas Treatise, instead of gastritis

A Cincinnati butcher who cowhided an impertinent lawyer has paid $5 for the amusement

Less than four per cent of the recruits for the Prussian army this year could neither read nor write

In parts of Illinois great damage has been done to the potato and apples by the heavy frosts of several days ago

Two brothers of General Steele own, in California, a milk and cheese farm of fifty two thousand acres, stocked with fifteen hundred cows

American ladies in Europe are overrun with commissions from their friends in New York for silks bonnets gloves, &c

The latest fashion for weddings is to have the ceremony performed at home, to be followed by a small and quiet reception with no dancing

The recherche toilettes displayed by Olive Logan at her Boston lectures created a great flutter among the modistes of that good town

Mrs President Grant's fit at White House recep tion is eagerly anticipated by the Washington beau monde

Let you be ever so pure you cannot associate with bad companions without falling into bad odor

A flower sweetens the air rejoices the eye links you with nature and whoever cares for some thing to love

The constant man looks up to heaven in full hope even when it is darkened, as flowers that open with the sun, close not, though he be hidden by clouds

The created world must be a small parenthesis in eternity, and a short interposition for a time between such a state of duration as was before it, and may be after it

Philadelphia papers impose Joe Jefferson to follow Edwin Booth's example in New York, and build a theatre in Philadelphia where for many years his grandfather was a very popular actor

Guided by the star of truth, no man was ever led into error It is only turning from the light that we stain and around us that multitudes fall by the way and perish

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Mosby is in New York

Elkin is building husky

Delaware wishes for Chinese labor

The hog slaughtering season at the West has begun, and the business is very active

The Sultan in a recent fit of liberality gave $75 000 to each of his cabinet ministers

Richmond is having a season of unusual business prosperity

Liverpool advertises for an organ blower, a powerful and pious man who can blow a fugue at sight

Mr Lester Wallack makes his first appearance this season at his own theatre in the play of 'Home.'

Here is a 'personal' advertisement in a French newspaper —Eliza you can return to the house The boil on my nose has gone

Abassinians venerate the late Theodorus as a saint, and make a Mecca of his grave, where numerous miracles are performed

A Kentucky drover fears that there is an advance in the price of cotton there will be but the poorest prospect for the horse market of the South

A Detroit papar thinks that the error of nine printers in putting the doings of a temperance nominating convention under the head of Amusements not so grand after all

Key West is filling up with Cubans, who have introduced the custom of letting their young children run about unclothed, at a great expense of Key West modesty

The inundation of the Nile has been greater this year than usual.

A calf of Duchess breed has been sold in Geneva N Y for $5000 A Kentuckian was the buyer

There is a convict in the State Prison at Jackson, Michigan, who has been kept in solitary confinement for twenty one years, having been sent for life for a murder at Detroit, and received into the prison Nov 20 1848.

In New Mexico a priest is detailed to accompany every stage to give absolution to those who may be killed by Indians on the route.

An editor out West has 27 pounds of cabbage head from one stalk

Kicking Bird, who has recently succeeded to the Chieftainship of the Kiowa Indians is said to be a savage of remarkable address, eloquence and influence

Alligator hunting is now a most popular sport in Florida It is described as being very exciting, and as involving great skill in the use of the rifle, there being but one spot, the eye, which affords a mark for a fatal bullet.

Every worthy poor family in Syracuse is to be furnished with a warm meal during the coming winter, by charitable citizens

The New Haven Journal complains of recent acts of vandalism and malicious mischief on the part of Yale students that would better become Comanche Indians It thinks that a little of Judge Websters treatment would have a healthy effect, and is what is needed

A citizen of Richmond draws a wagon one hundred years old the exact longevity of the memorable one horse chay of which the poet discoursed With a little tying up at the axles and abstinence from sneezing on the part of the driver, it is said still to be a safe and serviceable vehicle

McCracken, of Indianapolis won the champion ship cue at the billiard tournament, which closed at that city Saturday night, defeating Rivers, of Lafayette, by a score of 401 to 228 In a game between Ackerman of Ohio and Snyder of Chicago, the latter won by a score of 1000 to 683

Marysville, California, has one bulky horse to draw its steam fire engine and cannot buy another until the aforesaid beast, which no one will buy, is disposed of

On Wednesday evening the daughter of Mr Oseyan, the Turkish lecturer, was married to Mr William Andrews It was a very brilliant wedding The bridegroom was born in the Sandwich Islands and the bride in Constantinople

The Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce has one thousand and seventy one members

American ladies in Europe are overrun with commissions from their friends in New York for silks bonnets gloves, &c

The latest fashion for weddings is to have the ceremony performed at home, to be followed by a small and quiet reception with no dancing

The recherche toilettes displayed by Olive Logan at her Boston lectures created a great flutter among the modistes of that good town

Mrs President Grant's fit at White House reception is eagerly anticipated by the Washington beau monde

Let you be ever so pure you cannot associate with bad companions without falling into bad odor

A flower sweetens the air rejoices the eye links you with nature and whoever cares for some thing to love

The constant man looks up to heaven in full hope even when it is darkened, as flowers that open with the sun, close not, though he be hidden by clouds

The created world must be a small parenthesis in eternity, and a short interposition for a time between such a state of duration as was before it, and may be after it

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Whig & Courier.

JOHN H. LYNDE, -- PROPRIETOR.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 10, 1869.

### Prohibition in Massachusetts

Our Boston correspondent makes a statement which will somewhat astonish many of our citizens in relation to the operation of the prohibitory liquor law and the State constabulary. While we are not yet prepared to accept his conclusion, that the true remedy is a repeal of the present law, and a return to the license system, we should do injustice were we to deny that his statements in regard to liquor selling are substantially true. We are scarcely willing to admit that prohibition is a failure, but all the evidence goes to show that its enforcement in Boston and vicinity at any rate is a farce. While a few of the lower groggeries and the open bars are formally closed, and while a few places may be prevented from prosecuting the traffic by the expense involved in refitting to meet the new order, we know that drunkenness is abating very little, and that there is no difficulty in procuring liquor, and that there is scarcely a saloon, hotel or restaurant where it is not publicly sold. All this is in face of the fact that temperance legislation has reached a point of perfection in Massachusetts which is scarcely ventured in any other State in the Union. The temperance men of that State asked for prohibition, and they have got it, they asserted that the local officers were not competent or suitable to enforce the law, and they have got a State constabulary to aid in the work. Still the illicit traffic goes on, and much as we may deplore the fact, it is too evident that temperance reform is not progressing under the present system.

Admitting all this we are asked, why, then, not repeal the present laws and adopt a judicious license system? Or, admitting the failure of the present system of enforcement, what would you do? If the present law is all that the friends of prohibition ask, and its manner of enforcement is the best that can be devised, and if nothing more can be done to add to its efficiency, we say, so far as Massachusetts is concerned, a return to license would be the best move that could be made, for the reason that, as the facts now stand, the work is a burlesque, casting ridicule upon the temperance cause, and disreputable to a law abiding community. The influence of Massachusetts temperance legislation, as illustrated in its effect, is injurious to other communities, and ought to be speedily remedied, or radically changed so as not to bring the laws into disrespect elsewhere.

But we are not yet willing to surrender the prohibitory principle, we believe the system of enforcement can be amended for the better. Accepting the ground of the Massachusetts temperance people, that the law is all that can be desired, the fault must be in its enforcement. The law is *not* enforced, and what we would do, is, first, remove the present constabulary force as inefficient. If under a new force the law could not be made effectual, then, second, we would return to the old system of enforcement by local officers. In short, we would enforce the law. When all the means attainable to enforce the law have been exhausted and the law is still ineffectual, as at present, no one can reasonably doubt that the interest of morality can best be subserved by a repeal of prohibitory legislation. But believing that the law can be enforced, our faith is still in the efficiency of prohibition to a great and beneficial degree.

The New York Herald, in its usual superficial style of viewing political affairs, asserts that Gen Grant has been the savior of the Republican party. Gen Grant is a strong man, but his strength lies for the most part in his Republican principles, subtract those and he would no longer be Gen Grant, nor strong enough to aid any respectable party. The strength of the Republican party is in the justice of its principles and in the integrity of the men whom those principles unite. The two are inseparable. When we speak, therefore, of any man being the salvation or the creation of the Republican party, we speak erroneously. It grew up in the hearts of the people, and it still thrives there. It is independent to a greater extent than any party that ever preceded it upon any man or set of men. It is the result of a spontaneous effort to govern the country according to the ideas for which the government was founded.

The New York World has set its arithmetic man to figuring down the condition of our finances. It is a fit continuation of the employment of those who sought to discourage the cause of the Union army in the war, to seek to destroy the nation's credit by belieing its financial success. The World publishes a table purporting to contrast the condition of the Treasury now with the same on the 1st of March, concluding that the reduction of the debt has been only $1,866,366. But it neglects to state that in its amount against the Treasury it puts the debt bearing coin interest to the amount of $64,332,070 which has been purchased and is the property of the United States. Suppose the Treasurer should burn these bonds, would they still constitute a part of the debt? According to the World's theory, were a man to buy his own notes and carry them about in his pocket, he would still be in debt to the same extent as before the purchase. The World would do better to stick to figuring on elections, because, though ridiculous, there it is comparatively harmless. But the Democratic platform needs so many props that it is not to be wondered at some decayed ones frequently give them a mortifying fall.

One portion of the people of the British Provinces make a great point against annexation, in that our diversity of interests is not liable to give us permanency, and that therefore they are better off under a centralized power. Earl Granville has just given an opinion that what those provinces need is "a Legislature selected from an extended area and representing a diversity of interests," which seems to do away with the best argument of the anti-annexationists.

"New York by her invincible Democracy, has dealt Radicalism such a blow in the late election as it cannot recover from."

So says the Boston Post. Invincible Democracy is that which can never be reformed in its degrading corruption, and if the Republican party can't recover from the blows of such a foe, wo to the people's happiness.

The Government bond market in New York was higher yesterday on rumors from Washington that the Secretary would buy four or five millions of bonds to-day. The market generally, however was very dull.

Brick Pomeroy blackguards Andy Johnson. We are consequently fearful that Andy has a new lease of political life. Brick is a political fertilizer to those he bedaubs.

Horace Greeley's political economy is of age, he having reached the 21st article. Now he would do well to give it its time—and his reader a rest.

Captain General de Rodas is making an inspection tour in the interior of Cuba, but takes good care not to inspect too closely.

### Cuban Affairs

Senor Jose Morales Lemus, the Cuban Envoy to this country, arrived in New York on Sunday from Washington. He received a large mail from the Cespedes Government by the last steamer and thus is in possession of late news from nearly every jurisdiction of the island. The general report from all portions of the Central and Eastern Departments is that more arms are wanted, and that the numbers of the revolutionists are constantly multiplying.

General Thomas Jordan, Adjutant General of the Army of Cuba, reports that in answer to his appeal many supplies have been received from the United States. He expresses the wish that the supplies were much more plentiful, and asserts that if the American press were fully represented there there cause would be better established in our view, and that much more valuable aid might be rendered by our citizens. Of the condition there he says,

"While we have no absolute need of foreign soldiers of any kind to carry this struggle to successful fruition, we do need supplies. As near as I am able to calculate, we have 28,600 men who have arms and I state in perfect sincerity that we could use immediately 75,000 stands of arms, and with that number in our minds could end this war in ninety days. We have not wasted our armies nor materials in attacking large cities—seaports, I mean—because, even though we took them, it would be at a sacrifice of life of our trained soldiers, with a perfect knowledge that we could not hold them, for the reason that we have no artillery to defend them against the Spanish Navy. Puerto Principe and all interior towns we have so closely besieged that they are really of no avail to our enemy except the name of holding them.

A observe that there exists a doubt in the minds of a few citizens of the United States of the extinction of slavery in this island. Slavery was abolished when the standard of revolt was raised, and again by the twenty fourth article of the Constitution of this Republic. There are 40 000 liberated slaves now following our camps. Thousands of them are armed with *machetas*, a half hatchet and half ax. They have shown a willingness to meet the enemy in the open field with such weapons only as these.

He concludes as follows

"I wish I might be brought before the American ladies. I wish they might comprehend how 30,000 Cuban ladies are living an aboriginal life, half naked and but poorly sheltered as the forests and hillsides and spreading palm trees can shelter them. Such an army of self denying ladies was never before assembled on earth. Their devotion knows no parallel except in the lives of our revolutionary mothers. I hope the whole American people may realize the situation of these people—their wants, sufferings devotion and worthiness—and then aid them."

General Cavada, commanding the Cuban forces at Cienfuegos, in his account of affairs says of the Spanish mode of warfare

"There is no improvement in their manner of conducting the war. The Spaniards commit more barbarities than ever. They become fiendish in their despair, and seem to outdo all that history has recorded of them. Some days ago they burned one of our countrymen to death, first mutilating his body, another horrible act was committed by the Viscaines on the person of a highly respectable lady, the wife of Senor Segundino Gonzalez, whose house in the woods was surrounded by the villains. The abominable deed beggars description. Many murdered bodies have been discovered within the past few days. The want of arms—our only want—to put an end to these monstrosities almost crazes me. So far none of the great Generals sent against us have planned anything that shows military talent. All their vast combinations have fallen through and have been contemptible in results."

### Letter from Boston

BOSTON, Nov 7, 1869

*To the Editor of the Whig & Courier*

Really I do not see that it makes any difference whether we have a prohibitory or a license law for the sale of liquor. Just as much of the intoxicating element is in circulation now as a year ago. Instead of walking boldly up to a bar, thirsty people sneak slyly into a stall or sit down at a table paying in some instances a few cents more for rent. At the North End, South Cove, and like localities, where the lowest class of groggeries are situated, there are just as many drunken men as ever. All the hotels sell liquor, evading the law by a private closet or a table. The Parker House for instance, displays in front of its counter a large placard with the inscription "NO LIQUOR SOLD HERE," but any respectable individual can supply his needs by seating himself at a table in the same room and having his liquor brought to him. On the whole looking at the matter candidly, I cannot help expressing an opinion that the prohibitory legislation of Massachusetts is a confounded humbug, and that, the sooner it is swept from the statute books, the better it will be for all concerned. The incoming Legislature will probably perform that work. The death of

GEORGE PEABODY,

although expected for some time, has cast a gloom on this entire community. Mr Peabody was a nation's benefactor, or, rather, a benefactor of nations. Eminently a New England man in his characteristics and disposition, he never forgot in his attachment to the old world, the claims which were due to the new. In Massachusetts, where he first started in business, his death is the cause of lamentation. His best epitaph is written in the extensive charities which he has left behind—monuments to a generous, whole-souled, kind-hearted man. And now I want to say an additional word about

THE MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM

which is soon to be brought out, for the first time in twelve years, before the Boston public. I notice this enterprise the more unhesitatingly because it not only makes an effort to inculcate a healthy public taste among the patrons of the drama, but because Mr Selwyn has devoted so much time, money and labor to the work of its proper production. Every single scene in the piece is painted expressly for the purpose which it will fulfill, and they have all been manufactured since January. The entire stage will be cleared of wings, flies, &c, for the reception of which a building is being erected at the rear of the theatre. The Morlacchi—Queen of the Ballet—and her unapproachable troupe, are now in active rehearsal, having been secured exclusively for this spectacle. the best talent of Mr Selwyn's company are cast to parts for which they seem to have been moulded, the costumes are decidedly the most costly and elegant of any hitherto exhibited in the United States, and altogether the dramatic portion of the exhibition is a grand success. Some idea of the expense attending such a magnificent production may be formed by the fact that crowded houses only will reimburse the manager. One thousand dollars will little more than cover the actual cost of each representation. Mr Selwyn is understood to be actuated only by the intention of serving the Boston public, to whom he feels himself under great obligations, by offering a luxury never before so fully enjoyed in any theatre in the country.

THE ANNUAL PRESS DINNER

took place at the Revere House yesterday afternoon, at five o clock, Mr Alphonso Ross, managing editor of the Daily Advertiser in the chair. Col Charles H Taylor, private secretary to Gov Claflin, and ex officio, assistant editor of the Evening Times, acted as toast master. "Mark Twain" was among the invited guests and made a few brief remarks. The occasion was made unusually interesting and will form a bright spot among the dark remembrances of newspaper life.

JOCELINE

It seems that as long ago as 1862 Chief Justice Chase was dissatisfied with the political situation. His tilt against the Republican party last year was the result of a long series of disappointments. The following letter, written to Mr James A Hamilton, will show that even in the early days of Mr Lincoln, Chase felt himself slighted. He will never recover, so long as the Presidency hangs just beyond his reach.

WASHINGTON, D C July 15 1862

My Dear Sir—Your excellent note is just received. I will send it to the President, and shall be glad if he will read it and heed it. I have seen little of him for some time past, when he thinks fit to seek my counsel or to impart his own I attend his summons. Otherwise, I confine myself to my own special work. What I think ought to be done is so generally left undone and what I think ought not to be done so generally done, that I am led to doubt greatly the value of my views on any subject.

S P CHASE

In speaking of Gov Hoffman's city promises as to what the Democratic party will do, the New York Post says

"Nor does it help us to confide in the Governor's promises, to look over the list of Democratic members of the coming Legislature and find there the names of such men as William M Tweed, of whom even a Democratic journal, the World, recently before his renomination, spoke as having committed 'shameless and cunning frauds', or of John F Bradley, Thomas J Creamer and Henry W Genet, whom the World, a Democratic journal, accused but a few days before the election of cheating the people by evading the payment of their just taxes or of many others who could be mentioned."

The country will await with great anxiety the curious transformation of the sham by Democracy into an honest Legislature.

The Hon Oliver P Morton has had a long talk with the President upon the Cuban question and upon the resumption of specie payments. The Senator expressed himself as strongly in favor of the cause of free Cuba, but held the opinion that the recognition of belligerency was an executive act and not a matter for Congress to take part in. The Senator opposed the idea of a speedy resumption of specie payments.

FUNDS REMAINING IN THE TREASURY. The Journal's Washington dispatch of the 8th says. There remained in the Treasury today nearly all of the November interest having been paid $113 500 000 in gold and $ 000 000 in currency. There was also to Sinking Fund $17 844,500 in bonds with $1 000 000 more purchased subject to the action of Congress. These bonds have been examined today by Assistant Secretary Richardson First Auditor Smith and First Comptroller Taylor and their report giving a detailed statement of the bonds will be made public.

Complaint having been made that certain Post office employees in railroads were doing a nice business for themselves at the expense of the regular dealers who were required to pay fare when taking their produce to market the Postmaster General has ordered the following incorporated in the instructions

Traffic in merchandise, whole or divided, for the personal profit of a Railway Post Office Clerk Route Agent or Mail Route Messenger even though the regular tariff rate of the railroad company is paid therefor is absolutely prohibited. Postoffice Railway Clerks, Route Agents and Mail Route Messengers must confine themselves while on the train, strictly to the duties imposed upon them by the Department.

THE PURCHASED BONDS. All the bonds purchased by Secretary Boutwell up to November 1 amount to nearly $63 000 000 and there have cost about $ 0 000 000 in currency. Of this sum $18 000 000 have been purchased for the sinking fund and $4 000 000 as a special purchase.


### SPECIAL NOTICES.

**Mr. HOOPER**

Will return to Bangor in two week

Orders may be left at CHAS HALE'S and G W MERRILL'S. nov10 sn

**G. H. GETCHELL'S DANCING ACADEMY.**

I shall commence a Class in Dancing for beginners Masters and Misses

On WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON Nov 1 at 2 o'clock

Also a Class for Ladies and Gents the following evening at o'clock

N B Private lessons at hours not engaged with Classes. lw G H GETCHELL

**Bartlett's Bookstore.**

The remaining Stock of

**Books, Stationery, &c.,**

will be

Closed Out Immediately.

A small line of

*FINE BOOKS & FANCY GOODS.*

A large lot of

Blank Books, Odd Lots of Paper and Envelopes,

All of which will be sold at much less than cost for a few days. Store to be vacated

*One Thousand Library Books Cheap*

Nov10 sn

**For Sale.**

One pair sound young Horses, fine style and action weight 2300 lbs. Inquire at Nichols House. Nov9 3t*

**Chorus Rehearsals.**

THE CHORUS REHEARSALS in preparation for the ANNUAL CHORAL FESTIVAL will commence at Concert Hall on Monday evening and continue on MONDAY EVENINGS only until the Festival in April.

All singers are invited to join the Chorus and aid in making it successful.

The works to be studied are—
HAYDN'S ORATORIO, THE CREATION and MENDELSSOHN'S HYMN OF PRAISE

Tickets admitting to all the rehearsals and the Festival $1 00

Books furnished without charge

Singers may join at any time, but are requested to do so at the first rehearsal

Having finished convention &c engagements for the season I can receive a few more pupils in pianoforte or vocal music

F S DAVENPORT

Concert Hall O 2, 1869 sn4taw2w

**OVERCOATS,**

Men's, Boy's and Children's,

Together with a large assortment of other

New and Fashionable Clothing,

Just received and selling cheap

CALL AND SEE THE PRICES,

At CHAPMAN'S, Kenduskeag Bridge

Oct21 snlm

**J. M. Blaisdell, M. D.**

HOMŒOPATHIC

**Physician and Surgeon,**

44 MAIN STREET.

Bangor, Nov 3. sn

**For Sale or to Rent.**

The homestead of the subscriber, No. 19 Third Street, desirably located, with southerly front, 12 rooms, stable, and garden containing fruit trees, &c. A rare opportunity for securing a pleasant residence. Possession given immediately.

Inquire of JEFFERSON PARSONS. Sept. 8. snlf J. F. JACKSON.

**For Rent, on Exchange Street.**

On Exchange Street ... suitable for ... inquire of JAMES ... or ... KENDRICK, Agent.

Bangor, March 22, 1869. snlf

**GOLD Has Come Down!**

—AND—

**FARRAR**

Has 20,000 Valuable Presents to be Given Away Among His Customers For the Next 30 Days

I will give every person who pays me ONE DOLLAR for PICTURES, FRAMES, ALBUMS, or any other goods, a PRESENT. Remember I make Pictures for one half what others charge.

READ THIS LIST OF PRICES

New Style Card Picture, $3,00 a dozen, equal in Style, Beauty and Durability to those THAT OTHERS charge you $6 00 for

1 large picture for 8 x 10 frame 50 cents two for $1,00 and a present

4 full length pictures, in cards 50 cents 8 for $1 00 and a present.

9 Album Size, in cards, 50 cents 18 for $1 00 and a present

4 Cards De Visite Size 50 cents, 8 for $1 00 and a present

16 Tintypes only 25 cts. One dollars worth of any thing brings a present. 10 000 Frames Passe-partouts from 10 cents to $10. 25 dozen Albums from 15 cents to as much as you wish to pay

nov8 A B FARRAR.

**ANDREW'S DANCING ACADEMY.**

THE SECOND TERM at this popular Academy will commence on

TUESDAY EVENING, Nov 9th,

Ladies at 7 and Gents at 9 o'clock

snlf M. H. ANDREWS

**ANDREWS' Quadrille Band.**

Composed in part of the following well known musicians

Mr SCHAPFER — Clarinet
A D HARLOW — 1st Cornet
R L WILDER — 2d Cornet
J G S KIMBALL — Pianist

Can be engaged for all occasions where good music is required by applying at Andrews Hall 34 Mercantile Square. M H ANDREWS

Nov5 snlf Leader and Prompter

**Hard Pine TIMBER AND PLANK**

*FOR SALE BY*

WM McGILVERY & CO,

Marine Railway Brewer

Post Office address Bangor

au12 sntf

**Grand Benefit Concert,**

BY THE

Bangor Cornet Band,

M W WHITNEY of Boston Basso
MRS CROWELL Soprano
MISS HOLBROOK Contralto
MISS DORA HINDLE Soprano

AT NOROMBEGA HALL,

**Thursday Evening, Nov. 11,**

COMPLIMENTARY TO

**A. D. HARLOW.**

An extra train on the E & N A Railway will be run from Milford for the accommodation of those attending the Concert

Nov2

**Two Nice Rooms for Rent.**

At No 4 MAIN STREET

Inquire of J P BASS

Oct6 sn

**Miss SARAH M. CURRIER**

13 Brown Street

Will receive pupils on the Piano

Reference Mr F S DAVENPORT

Orders may be left at Duren's Bookstore

oct4 sn4w

**House Lots for Sale on Court Street.**

Inquire of J P BASS or CHAS B BROWN

oct1 sn

**DRY GOODS,**

—AND—

**CARPETINGS.**

Now receiving FALL STYLES of

**DRESS GOODS,**

In great variety of Styles and Qualities

And A FULL LINE OF

BRUSSELLS, ENGLISH & AMERICAN

**Carpetings,**

Which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES

STICKNEY & ROBERTS.

Sept 2 sn

**FOUND.**

—AND—

For Sale at Manufacturers' Prices,

PECKHAM'S and other Woolen Yarns

Worsted Knit Goods, Jackets, Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, &c Gloves & Hosiery Velvet & Silk Ribbons Zephyr Worsteds Linen Cotton and Fancy Handkerchiefs, Linen Collars & Cuffs Sewing Silk Twist Threads of all kinds, Edgings, Rufflings Frillings Hair Nets Elastic Goods Buttons Pins Needles Suspenders, Paper Collars & Cuffs, Neck Ties Bindings Braids Jewelry Stationery Perfumery Toilet Soaps Brushes Cutlery Combs Wallets Fishing Tackle Pipes, Cigars Whips, &c

Which merchants are invited to call and examine at

55 MAIN STREET

S & J ADAMS & CO

Bangor Oct 12 186 snlm*

**Sanford's Independent Line.**

FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL

*SUMMER ARRANGEMENT*

THREE TRIPS A WEEK TO BOSTON

Steamer CAMBRIDGE Capt J P Johnson and Steamer KATAHDIN Capt H S Rich will run alternately as follows. Leave Bangor every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY at 11 a m. Hampden at 11.30 a m Winterport at 12 m and Bucksport at 12.30 P M for Boston touching at all the usual landings on the river and bay.

Returning will leave Boston for Bangor and intermediate landings every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY afternoons at 5 o'clock

Fare from Bangor Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston, $4.00

Fare to Lowell (including back fare in Boston) $5.00

Meals extra

No extra hazardous freight taken. Freight must accompanied by Bill of Lading in duplicate.

LOOMIS TAYLOR Agent.

Bangor June 7th 1869

**FARE REDUCED!**

**$20 to Chicago, All Rail,**

AND PROPORTIONALLY LOW TO ALL POINTS WEST,

*VIA THE*

**Grand Trunk Railway!**

Michigan Central, Southern & Detroit, and Milwaukie Railways,

FROM

Portland, Yarmouth or Danville Junction.

THROUGH TICKETS TO

**Canada, California, and all Western Points,**

**AT $5 LESS**

Than by any other All Rail route from Maine. Baggage checked through in bond, and no Custom House inspection through Canada. Children under five years free, between five and twelve years half fare. Two through trains daily. Sleeping Cars on all night trains. Also, tickets via Boston and New York Central, and Vermont Central to all the above points. Sold at the office, 11 West Market Square.

WM. FLOWERS, Eastern Ag't.

Bangor, Aug. 21, 1869.

**City of Bangor.**

The regular meeting of the ... Committee on Accounts and Claims ... Room ... MONDAY of each month at 7 1/2 o'clock P. M.

A. R. WEED, Chairman.

Bangor, April 29, 1869.

**Consumption can be Cured.**

Read the Evidence.

"Facts are stubborn things," and it is to facts alone that it is desired to direct the attention of the readers of this article.

Many years of severe and thorough practical trial have demonstrated beyond the peradventure of a doubt the fact that the medicines prepared by me, and known as SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC and SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, have proved extraordinarily successful in the cure of diseases of the pulmonary organs, or what is usually termed CONSUMPTION.

I am fully aware that there are many persons whose prejudices rule them so completely that "proofs strong as Holy Writ" would fail to convince them of the efficacy of my remedies, and that there are others who under no circumstances could be prevailed upon to admit their merits simply because such an admission would prove detrimental to their particular personal interests. Fortunately for the welfare of mankind, these doubting people form a comparatively small portion of the community at large. They are to be found here and there, but compared with the great mass of the world's population their numbers are so small that I dismiss them and address myself to those who are willing to listen to the dictates of reason and who are disposed to admit the strong logic of well established facts.

We are told almost daily that *Consumption* the scourge of the American people, is incurable, that a man whose lungs are diseased must be given over to die, that he must abandon hope, and that the arrangement of his temporal as well as spiritual affairs should claim his earliest attention. If there were not facts as undeniable as that the sun will shine in a clear heaven at midday to controvert these random and not unfrequently harmful assertions, I should feel unwilling to take up the gage of battle against them, but fortified with results—facts—which neither theory nor mere assertion can overturn, I propose to prove that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED, and that the medicines I prepare—THE MANDRAKE PILLS, SEAWEED TONIC and PULMONIC SYRUP—will if used in strict accordance with the directions, in a majority of cases effect that which the faculty pronounces impossible—*they will cure Consumption*.

An ounce of solid fact is worth a pound of theory. Let me therefore, present the facts connected with my own individual experience. Many years ago I was a confirmed consumptive and like thousands of other unfortunates, was given up to die. Eminent physicians pronounced my case a hopeless one, and told me if I had any preparations to make for the final solemn event, that I had better make them speedily. I believed this just as confidently as did the persons who thus affectionately informed me that my days were numbered, and that recovery was impossible. Still the desire to live lingered in my bosom. I was young and clung to life with the same tenacity that young men and old men too, ordinarily do. I did not feel willing to abandon hope as long as a single vestige of it remained. I had full faith in the sad information conveyed to me by my physicians, but still there was a lingering belief that something could be done though I knew not in what direction to seek for the much-desired relief.

It was at this gloomy and eventful period of my history that I first learned of the roots and herbs from which my remedies for this dreaded disease are now prepared. I procured and used them, and to the utter amazement of all—physicians, friends and neighbors—began to improve. My entire system commenced to undergo a complete renovation. Expectoration, which formerly had been difficult and painful, now became comparatively easy. I threw off daily large quantities of offensive yellow matter. At the same time my long-lost appetite returned. I ate freely of such food as was palatable to me and which was at the same time nutritious and wholesome. Expectoration became less copious and less offensive, exhausting night sweats ceased, the racking and harrassing cough abated, the fever broke, the pain departed, flesh planted itself on my sadly wasted frame and with flesh came strength and full health. From a mere skeleton I became a stout, strong, robust man and I have maintained both strength and flesh to this day. I weigh two hundred and thirty five pounds. I am blest with an appetite equal to but few men, while my digestive organs are amply equal to all the requirements of a healthful condition of my system.

Now be it remembered all these wonderful changes were wrought by the use of the medicines I prepare—MANDRAKE PILLS, SEAWEED TONIC and PULMONIC SYRUP. A cure seemingly so miraculous naturally created astonishment in the minds of those who knew me. I was literally besieged on all sides. I had visitors daily who besought me to give them the remedies which had wrought the wonderful restoration and had wrested me from the very jaws of death. Letters were received by scores importuning me to impart the secret and inform the writers where the specifics for consumption could be obtained. Others who were too weak to travel, not satisfied with writing, sent for and consulted me in regard to their cases. To all these applications I responded as I was able.

I had fully regained my health and gratitude for the happy result prompted me to turn my attention to the science of medicine with the hope of thereby being able to be of service to my suffering fellow creatures. I devoted myself closely to my studies and more especially to that branch of them relating to the terrible disease from which I had suffered so long and so much. I investigated it in all its fearful phases in order to assure myself that my case was not an exceptional one. The closer my investigations the more satisfactory were my conclusions. I felt convinced that tens of thousands of my fellow creatures were dying annually from consumption whose cases were not as desperate and apparently hopeless as mine had been, and I argued from this that remedies which had proven so effective with me would prove equally so with others. I prepared my medicines in a pleasant and attractive form and announced them to the world. The results are well known. Thousands of suffering men, women and children who were on the way to the grave have been cured and are to day living evidences of the fact that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED and I think I may say without arrogating to myself anything more than is justly my due that I have had more experience in the treatment of consumption than any other person in the country and that my success has been wonderfully great.

Let the reader remember that these are not mere fancied statements. They are positive facts, of which I am the living evidence.

There is an old adage which says "What has been done may be done." I have been cured, so may others be cured of consumption by the remedies I now offer to the public. Thousands of others have testified to similar happy results from the use of them, and thousands more could have been prevailed upon to testify. A full supply of *The Mandrake Pills, Seaweed Tonic and Pulmonic Syrup*. All that is necessary to convince the most skeptical of the merits is a fair trial.

Full directions accompany each of the bottles so that it is not absolutely necessary that patients should see me personally, unless they desire to have their lungs examined. For this purpose I am professionally at my PRINCIPAL OFFICE No 15 North Sixth street corner of Commerce. Every Saturday.

Advice is given without charge but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer the price is five dollars.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1 50 per bottle or $7 50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents per box.

J H SCHENCK M D

Kian 31 only lovd

**STONE & DAGGETT**

At their NEW STORE,

**No. 6 Main St.,**

New and Desirable Goods

—FOR—

**CLOAKS,**

Consisting in part of

***Black Silk Velvets,***

**Black and Brown Velveteens,**

SEAL SKINS,

CHINCHILLAS

FUR BEAVERS,

BLACK BEAVERS,

ASTRICANS

Scarlet and Blue Broadcloths, &c &c,

—ALSO—

The Best Stock of Paisley

**Single and Long Shawls,**

*EAST OF BOSTON*

**STONE & DAGGETT**

Keep the most complete line of Ladies Gentlemen's and Children's

*Under Garments Hosiery and Gloves*

To be found in the City

*THE LARGEST STOCK OF*

Domestic & Housekeeping Goods

To be found in the city, at

**STONE & DAGGETT'S.**

ALL AT LOW PRICES

An examination of which is earnestly solicited by the Wholesale and Retail Trade

STONE & DAGGETT are the Sole Agents for HARRIS SEAMLESS KID GLOVES

Bangor, Oct. 30 1869

**Penobscot SAVINGS BANK.**

A semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent. has been declared in this bank, payable on and after this date. A. M. ROBERTS, President.

... Treas.

**Singing School.**

Light ... CLASS for beginners on MONDAY EVENING, Oct. 25th, at Room No. 11, Exchange Block. L. A. TORREY.

Oct16 sn

**TAXES For 1869.**

Treasurer and Collector's Notice.

The Assessors of the City of Bangor have committed to me the Tax Bills for the year 1869, under date of Oct 9 1869 and by a vote of the City Council I am authorized to allow

**TEN PER CENT.**

On all taxes paid within one month from the date of commitment

SETH PAINE,

Treasurer and Collector

City of Bangor, Oct 11, 1869 e1m

**THE SAFE Deposit Savings Bank,**

No 9 CENTRAL ST, - - BANGOR.

P. M. BLAKE, President.

T H SMITH Cashier

Interest allowed from the date of deposit at the liberal Government rate of

**7-30 Per Cent. Per Annum**

No deposits received for a less sum than $50. Office hours from 8 A M, to 6 P M.

TO HOLDERS OF GOVERNMENT BONDS, AND OTHER VALUABLE SECURITIES AND PAPERS. Can lease boxes and other apartments for Trunks Packages and Valuables, at very low rates in the new Fire and Burglar Proof Vault, being the best safest, and only one of the kind in the State. Parties holding valuables are respectfully invited to examine this Vault and its apartment.

April 5th 1869 P M BLAKE, Proprietor, No 9 Central St., Bangor

**Great Reduction of Fares!**

TO ALL POINTS

**WEST AND SOUTH,**

Via BOSTON, NEW YORK
PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURG
ALBANY BUFFALO
NIAGARA FALLS,
DUNKIRK, SALAMANCA
CLEVELAND, DETROIT, &c

**THROUGH TICKETS**

For the Greatly Reduced Rates by

P M BLAKE, General Agent,

No 9 Central Street, Bangor.

Also Agent for PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY for California, China and Japan

Tickets to and from

**England, Ireland & Scotland.**

STERLING EXCHANGE payable at sight for sale in sums to suit nov4 sn

*Bryant, Stratton & Co's Chain of International Commercial Colleges*

BANGOR BUSINESS COLLEGE

Established 186 . Incorporated 1868.

For circular address C B LAKIN

sn Principal

**Southern Pitch Pine.**

A cargo of PITCH PINE various sizes, for ship building and repairing, just landed at our ship yard Brewer from schooner Damon will be disposed of at cost to suit purchasers

ISAAC DUNNING & SON.

MARY L CLARK

**TEACHER OF GUITAR.**

REFERENCES—Prof J De Auguera, Boston. Mr F S Davenport Bangor

Orders may be left at Mr. E F Duren's Bookstore or through P O Box 124 sept3 sntf

**INSIDE ROUTE**

FOR

Portland, Boston, & Intermediate Landings.

The steamer CITY OF RICHMOND, Capt W E DENNISON, will, on and after Wednesday, April 14, 1869, leave Bangor for Portland every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY morning at 6 o'clock touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay connecting in Portland with the 6 o'clock Steamboat Express Train and arriving in Boston at 1 o'clock same evening.

*Returning*—Will leave Rail Road Wharf, foot of State Street Portland every evening at 10 o'clock, or on arrival of Steamboat Express Train from Boston touching as above, and arriving at Bangor about 10 o'clock next morning

No freight received after ... taken

Freight taken as usual,

J O KENDRICK Agent

Bangor April 9 1869

**Sewing Machine Depot.**

SINGER
WHEELER & WILSON
GROVER & BAKER
ELLIPTIC,

and all other STANDARD SEWING MACHINES,—for sale by

CHARLES HALL, 24 Main St

**Merchants' Line.**

STEAMSHIP WM TIBBETTS

**Boston and Penobscot River.**

The Steamship WM. TIBBETTS will run weekly during the season between Bangor and Boston, leaving Bangor every MONDAY at 5 o'clock A. M., touching at Winterport, Bucksport, Sandy Point, Belfast and Tenant's Harbor.

Returning—Will leave Battery Wharf, Boston, every THURSDAY at 12 M, touching as above.

Freight taken at reasonable rates.

Also good accommodations for passengers.

Fare from Bangor Winterport and Bucksport, $
Fare from Belfast 2 50
Fare from Tenant's Harbor, 3 00
Meals extra

For further information enquire of

apr 14, 1869 sn M M FULLER, Agent

**Peabody Medical Institute,**

No 4 Bulfinch Street.

Opposite Revere House) BOSTON

THE Trustees of this Institution take pleasure in announcing that they have secured the services of the eminent and well known Dr A H HAYES, late Surgeon U S Army, Vice President of Columbia College of Physicians and Surgeons &c.

This Institution now publishes the popular medical book entitled *The Science of Life, or Self Preservation*, written by Dr Hayes. It treats upon the Errors of Youth, Premature Decline of Manhood, Seminal Weakness and all Diseases and Abuses of the Generative Organs. Thirty thousand copies sold the last year. It is indeed a book for every man—young men in particular. Price only $1 00.

This Institution has just published the most perfect treatise of the kind ever offered the public entitled *Sexual Physiology of Woman and her Diseases,* profusely illustrated with the very best engravings. This book is also from the pen of Dr Hayes. Among the various chapters may be mentioned The Mystery of Life. Beautiful Offspring—Beauty, its value to Woman—Marriage—General Hygeine of Woman—Puberty. Change of Life—Excesses of the Married—Prevention to Conception &c. In beautiful French cloth, $2 00. Turkey Morocco full gilt $4 00. Either of these books are sent by mail, securely sealed, postage paid on receipt of price.

The "*Peabody Journal of Health*," a first-class paper in every respect—8 pages 32 columns—published on the first of February and every month during the year. Subscription price per year only 1 cents. Specimen copies sent free to any address on application to the Peabody Medical Institute.

ALBERT H HAYES M D Resident and Consulting Physician

N B Dr H may be consulted in strictest confidence on all diseases requiring skill, secrecy and experience. *Inviolable Secrecy and certain Relief.*

Jan 1869 may16 sndawly


### MARRIED

In Orrington Nov 7 by Rev A Prince Mr Henry Cornish of Hampden to Miss L... of Orrington

### MARINE JOURNAL

*PORT OF BANGOR*

ARRIVED

TUESDAY Nov 2

Stmr Katahdin Rich, Boston
Stmr City of Richmond Dennison, Portland
Brig Sea Foam, Coombs, and schs Karl Mazourka, Kimball, L D Wentworth, Dean, Wm Hill, Foster, Rosanna Rose, Burgess, Highlander Turner, E P Treat, Nickerson, America, Cousins, Jiang, Bragdon, E A Stevens, Mitchell, Corinthian, Jones, Kate Walker Warren, and Globe, Deering Boston
Sch George Kilman, Stanley, Philadelphia, with coal to Babcock & Co
Schs Fanny Elder, Smith and Fred Warren, Robinson, New York
Schs Loella, Ames; L M Stewart, Stewart, and Mary ..., Portsmouth
Sch Paul Seavey, Lowell, Newburyport
Sch Warren, Weymouth
Sch Banner, Flood, Lynn

SAILED.

Nov. 9 Sch W T Emerson, Dorr, Baltimore, Lyra Haskell, New York, Clara McConville, Fletcher, New Bedford; Ada Frances, Perkins, Emma Odlin, ...; Ada Morton, Cottrell Boston


**GREAT EXCITEMENT IN BANGOR,**

**Commencing Nov. 12th.**

**$25,000** BANKRUPT STOCK **$25,000**

—OF—

**DRY GOODS**

Will be opened a large and extensive variety of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

—IN—

**Store No. 20, Main Street.**

This Stock is to be sold immediately at WHOLESALE and RETAIL which will give to Bangor and vicinity a grand opportunity to purchase their Fall and Winter Clothing ...

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Silks, | Broadcloths, | Housekeeping Goods |
| Cashmere and | Beavers, | Table Linens, |
| Domestic Shawls, | Tricots, | Towels and Toweling |
| Dress Goods | Black & Fancy Doeskins, | Bleached & Brown Cotton |
| Empress Cloths, | Black & Colored Alpacas, | Flannels of all kinds |

Also Low Priced Cassimeres for Men's and Boys' Wear

This Sale will commence FRIDAY, at 9 A M. Those who come first will find the best ...

**No. 20 Main Street,**

Store recently occupied Thos. Hersey & Co.

Bangor Nov. 10, 1869. 1w

**No. 4 Main St.**

Is the place to get the cheapest and best assortment of

**MILLINERY,**

Velvet, Silk, and Plush Hats Feathers Flowers Ribbons &c &c. Also a fine lot of Hosiery, Mittens Leggins Nubias, Children's Worsted Sacks and Shirts Fleece lined Kid Gloves and Mittens.

Remember the place—No 4 Main Street.

Nov10 eod2w JULIA A HOLYOKE

**METROPOLITAN HOTEL.**

NEW YORK November 1 1869

We are now prepared to receive families and single gentlemen for the winter

SIMEON LELAND & CO

Nov10

**Dissolution of Copartnership.**

The Copartnership heretofore existing under the name of Poor & Kingman is this day dissolved. The business affairs of the late firm will be settled by Henry Poor & Son who are authorized to sign in liquidation

HENRY POOR & SON
R S KINGMAN

Winn, Nov 4th 1869 nov10 6t

**YES! YES! YES! YES!**

—IT IS—

**GLU-ENE**

That mends CROCKERY, GLASS, and WOODEN WARE. No Family should be without it. Don't fail to try it. For sale by Druggists Grocers and Fancy Goods Dealers

Manufactured only by the

**Glu-Ene Manufacturing Co.**

24 Water Street, Boston.

Nov11 eol m

**E. M. C. Seminary.**

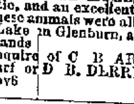
THE WINTER TERM of this Institution will commence MONDAY, Nov 29 and continue ten weeks, under its old Board of Instruction

TUITION—For Common English $4 00
Higher English and Languages 5 00
Music 10 00

For particulars, send for circular, or enquire of the Principal MELVIN F ARLEY A B

Bucksport Me Nov 8 1869 3w

**Horses and Colts for Sale.**



ONE BAY HORSE, superior for carriage, business or gentleman's driving, six years old

ONE BLACK MARE, seven years old, a good driver and excellent family horse may be driven by a lady

ONE MARE COLT, 3 past from Gen Sherman—a son of Gen Knox, large size and promising

ONE BLACK HORSE COLT one year past sired by same Horse, large for his age, and very promising

ONE HORSE COLT, 5 months sired by Gideon

ONE HORSE MULE, six years old, kind and gentle, and an excellent worker

These animals were all bred on my farm at Pushaw Lake in Glenburn, and have never been in other hands

Enquire of C B ABBOTT Upper Steamboat Wharf or D B. DERRY, at the Farm.

Nov6

**Valuable Horse for Sale.**



A NICE HORSE, 8 years old, weighing about 1100 pounds perfectly sound and kind. Will stand without tying. Also one common Wagon and Harness. For particulars inquire of LYON, HALL & LEWIS, 14 West Market Square

nov8 2w

**COME AND SEE**

APPLETON'S

**NEW GROCERY STORE**

**18 Central Street.**

Nov3

**HOSIERY.**

Ladies' Merino, and Cashmere Fleeced Lined Lisle Thread and Cotton, full fashioned and extra sizes

**CHILDREN'S HOSIERY.**

Extra long all Wool Fancy and Plain Balmoral, Scarlet and White

—ALSO—

A large lot of all Wool Balmorals ALL COLORS, that are going fast for 25 and 30 cents

All sizes Infants' Cashmere Hose, Long Legged and full fashioned, at

L. B HANSON'S,

46 Main Street

A LARGE ASSORTMENT

—OF—

**WOOLEN GOODS.**

Ladies' and Children's Leggings, Sacks for Children, Shawls for Ladies, Hoods and Clouds for Ladies, Worsted Caps and Knit Shirts for Children

**SLIPPER PATTERNS,**

Back Combs DRESS GIMPS, Fringes Buttons, &c, &c

L B HANSON,

46 Main Street.

**LADIES' COLLARS.**

REAL THREAD AND CLUNY.

Imitation Laces and Linen Collars and Cuffs Ladies' and Gents' Handkerchiefs, Mourning Setts, White and Black Cashmere for Burial Shrouds, Lama Tassels and Fringes

L B HANSON,

46 Main Street.

**Merino Under Garments,**

In all sizes, for Ladies and Children.

Kid Lined Mittens and Gloves, Black, White and Colored KIDS, Children's Kids,

A full line of Cashmere and Fleece Lined Gloves Woolen Mittens, &c., &c

*The best assorted Stock East of Hermon Pond.*

**L. B. HANSON,**

**46 Main Street.**

Bangor, Oct. 23, 1869 3awSwAwlm

**OPERATIONS**

Are Reviving

Out in Virginia.

There's no Stated Preaching,

—BUT—

The Meeting is open for Remarks,

—AND—

Mr. Pettengill frees his Mind

And the natives come down on

**OYSTERS.**

FOR PARTICULARS

SEE LOW.

Nov9

**Wanted.**

FIRST CLASS COAT MAKERS

At CHISAM'S,

Nov 9, 1869 13a Exchange St

**Legislative Notice.**

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the next Legislature asking for the enactment of a law regulating the occupation of the Penobscot River for turning in logs from the above Oldtown to be driven to mills below

N C AYER & CO
FABB & STRICKLAND
WM T PEARSON
D R STOCKWELL
JAMES WALKER & C
WM H STRICKLAND
O W GILMAN

Bangor Nov. 8 1869

**STONE & BROWN**

*No 18 West Market Square*

Have a large stock of

**Paisley Shawls.**

LYONS POPLINS, all colors
EMPRESS CLOTHS all colors
RICH WOOL PLAIDS
BLACK VELVETEENS
BLACK ALPACAS Cheap,

With a large line and good variety

**Dress Goods,**

*ALL AT LOW PRICE*

STONE & BROWN.

B B STONE, JR. G E BROWN

nov8

**SPECIALTIES**

IN

Linen Goods, Quilts Blankets

Flannels, Nankins, Towels Doylies, Crash

BROWN & BLEACHED COTTONS

At STONE & BROWN'S

Nov8 2w

BLACK, BROWN & BLUE

**BEAVER CLOTHS.**

Black Mixed and Gold Mixed

**Repellants and Waterproofs**

Our fourth Case going fast and selling low

AT

STONE & BROWN'S

Nov8 2w

**Bargains, Bargains.**

—IN—

BOOTS, SHOES,

**Hats and Caps,**

AT

ARNOLD & SAWYER'S

Nov8 19 West Market Square Bangor

**Veterinary Card.**

The undersigned, Veterinary Practitioner respectfully announces to the Horsemen Farmers and all owners of horses in Bangor and its vicinity that, owing to the encouragement he has received from all parties whose sick and lame horses he so successfully cured of their various diseases by his professional skill, care and PERFECT combined medical preparations, that he intends permanently reside in this city, and practice the veterinary art scientifically and skillfully upon HORSES, CATTLE and SHEEP, that are curable entrusted to his professional care.

The undersigned also begs leave to inform several gentlemen that he is no miracle worker and he does not intend to move out of the track prescribed by the eminent teachers at the head of the Veterinary profession, and to all whom this announcement may concern

I am, most respectfully,

JAMES MYRWIN BAPTA

Veterinary Practitioner

National House Bangor

Nov 8, 1869. 1w

**DR. TODD'S**

GRAPHIC Account of California. John Ploughman's Talk (Spurgeon) or Plain Advice for Plain People. The Boy Farmer. Elm Island Stories (Kellogg). Lowell's Poems (Diamond Ed.). Elements of Tacygraphy. Life of Christ. Columbus by Dr Barry. The Laws of Business. Parsons. Linda the Young Pilot and other Books received by E F DUREN

**NEW MUSIC,**

At DUREN'S Bookstore

**NEW STATIONERY,**

At DUREN'S Bookstore

**Fresh Cigars and Tobaccos**

POPULAR BRANDS, just received at the ... by nov3 W MANN

**Mitchell's India Rubber Plasters.**

POROUS, for the Back Stomach and Side, Corn and Bunion Surgeon's Companions, Surgeon's Adhesive and various other kinds. Call and see them at MANN'S DRUG STORE

Nov3

**Law & Commercial Blanks**

FOR Sale by D BUGBEE & CO

**Room Papers and Borders**

A FINE Stock, Choice Patterns and Low Prices D BUGBEE & CO

**Atlantic Almanac.**

1870. FOR SALE at DUREN'S BOOKSTORE

**Pocket Cutlery, Wallets, &c,**

A FINE Stock may be found at D BUGBEE & CO S.

# TELEGRAPHIC

—TO THE—

# Whig & Courier.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.

The Chicopee Bank Plaintiff in Error vs the National Bank of Philadelphia was argued in the Supreme Court to-day.

Joseph A Ware, solicitor of the Seventh Auditors Bureau of the Post Office Department for the past five years, has been removed.

Senator Sprague, who had opened negotiations to purchase the National Intelligencer, has declined to buy that establishment.!

Mr Draper, of New York, has accepted the presidency of the American Union Academy of literature, science and art, just formed in Washington. It already numbers 134 members including President Grant, Chief Justice Chase, Vice Admiral Porter and others of distinction.

New York Items.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

The rumor of the resignation of Collector Grinnell is untrue.

All the Spanish gunboats are finished and are here and will be ready for sea within two weeks.

The officers of the Erie Railroad announce that all the freight and passenger trains are running on time and that all is quiet at Port Jarvis.

Two brakemen were badly injured by the collision of a freight and coal train on the Morris & Essex Railroad on Saturday. One man named Benj. Gibbs fatally.

From San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.

The U. S. steamer Saginaw from the Mexican waters and the steamer Golden City from Panama have arived.

The firit overland train from the east reached Oakland last evening and was greeted with the firing of cannon, fireworks, bonfires, illumination of the principal buildings and a general jubilee of the citizens.

Arches were erected over the street through which the train passed, inscribed with mottoes, among which were "Minimum Fares and Maximum Travel." "Oakland bears one end of the longest rail in the world." "New York and Oakland bound together with ties strapped with iron."

Ross Brown lectured on China last night before a good audience and was favorably received.

He detailed his experience at the Chinese Court and contrasted the scant welcome of the American embassy at Pekin with the splendid receptian given Mr. Burlingame at the capital of the United States and European courts.

He related numerous instances of the hostility of the Chinese to foreigners and asserted that the Chinese court was never more exclusive than at present.

The passenger and freight business of the Pacific Railroad continues large.

The earnings of the western Pacific road for October were $103,000 in coin, and of the Central Pacific road $622,000 in coin.

The westward is about double that eastward on both lines.

The emigrant trains are well filled.

The coal found in the Mount Diablo range has been tested on the locomotives of the western Pacific road and found to work well. This is of great importance to the future working of the overland line.

Protested

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

At the session of the Board of County Canvassers yesterday several protests were submitted against the counting of the votes cast for Henry Smith, the Republican candidate for Supervisor, on the ground that they were void because at the time of his nomination he (Smith) was a member of the Metropolitan Police Commission.

The protests were sent to the corporation counsel for an opinion thereon.

It should be noted that two supervisors are elected annually, the person receiving the second best number of votes being chosen as well as the highest man.

Funeral of Admiral Stewart

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 9.

The body of Admiral Stewart arrived here today from Bordentown by steamboat and was taken to Indpendence Hall by a guard of marines and sailors.

It will be exposed to public view from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. tomorrow when the funeral will take place.

The body will be interred in Ronaldson Cemetery, and old burying ground in the northern part of the city.

Very extensive preparations have been made for the funeral and business will be generally suspended during the afternoon.

Murder Trial

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 9.

The trial of George McVety for the murder of Louis Beusch and Peter Easlacher in May last, commenced today in the Supreme Court. A great crowd was in attendance. The day was spent in the usual preliminaries and only one witness was examined.

The U S Treasurership

ALBANY, Nov. 9.

It is understood that the office of the Assistant U. S. Treasurer in New York has been offered by the President to Senator Folger and that he will accept it.

Monetary Affairs.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

The money market today was steady at 5 a 7 per cent.

Discounts were stringent

Foreign Exchange dull today with quotations at 108½ a 109.

Gold market this afternoon closed steady at 127⅜ a 127½.

The rates for carrying today were 4, 3, 2, 6, 7 and 5 per cent.

Government securities closed steady this afternoon. The following are the closing quotations—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| United States Sixes (coupons) | 1881 | | | 117⅜ |
| do | 5-20s (coupons) | 1862 | | 115⅝ |
| do | do | do | 1864 | 113⅜ |
| do | do | do | 1865 | 113⅜ |
| do | do | do | 1865 new issue | 115⅞ |
| do | do | do | 1867 | 116 |
| do | do | do | 1868 | 117⅛ |
| do | 10-40s | | | 107⅛ |
| Pacific Sixes, | | | | 107⅛ |

Southern State securities were generally dull in the last call.

The stock market closed strong this afternoon. The following are the closing quotations—Pacific Mail Steamship Company, 60¾; Western Union Telegraph Company, 36¼; Boston Water Power Company, 14⅛; N. Y. Central Railroad Company, 186; Erie Railroad Company 27½; preferred do, 52; Hudson River Railroad Company, 161; Reading Railroad Company 96; Ohio & Mississippi Railroad, 26¾; St. Paul Railroad Company, 57⅜; do preferred, 000; Michigan Central Railroad Company, 129; Michigan Southern Railroad Company, 89⅜; Illinois Central Railroad Company, 137⅛; Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad Company, 80; Chicago & Rock Island Railroad Company, 103⅜; Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company, 69⅛; preferred 84⅝; Chicago & Fort Wayne Railroad Company, 85; Hartford & Erie Railroad, Company, 17; Mariposa Mining Company preferred, 0; Toledo and Wabash Railroad Company, 62 do. preferred 60.

Balance in the sub-Treasury to-day, currency $4,500,000; general $83,308,000.

Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.

Cotton is lower—sales 2900 bales—middling uplands 25½.

Flour—sales 15,400 bbls — State and Western heavy and favors buyers — Superfine to fancy State 5,50 a 6,00; superfine to choice Western 5,00 a 6,10. Southern heavy —sales 300 bbls—common to choice 5,55 a 10,25.

Wheat less active — sales 167,000 bushels — Spring 1,32 a 132½; No. 2, 1,25½ a 1,29; winter red western 1,36 a 1,39.

Corn fairly active, unch'd — sales 74,000 bushels new mixed western 93 a 98 for unsound and 99 a unsound.

Oats are firmer— sales 13,000 bushels—new Southern and Western, 64 a 65.

Beef steady — new plain mess 6,00 a 13'00; new extra 12,00 a 17,00.

Pork is heavy— sales 300 bbls. —new mess

Lard is firmer— sales 350 tierces — steam rendered a 17⅝; kettle rendered 17⅞ a 18⅛.

Sugar is steady— sales 700 bbls — Muscovado

Molasses dull.

Tallow heavy—at 10⅝ a 11⅛.

Linseed oil quiet.

Freights to Liverpool are firm — Wheat per sail, 6½.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.

Flour is quiet — sales at 4,00 a 4,75 for spring extras.

Wheat is firmer — sales of No 1 at 87 a 88 cents.

Corn is dull — sales of No. 2 at 65 a 68½ cents.

Oats active—No, 2, 39½ cents.

Rye quiet.

CABLE NEWS.

London, Nov 9—midnight. The inaugural banquet of the Lord Mayor of London took place tonight at Guildhall. The members of the Ministry, Foreign Ambassadors and a large and distinguished company were present. Mr Gladstone replied to the toast of her Majesty's Ministry, and on rising was loudly cheered.

He returned thanks for the honor and said the good feeling of the citizens towards the government was an indication of the common sentiments pervading the land.

Breach of Promise Case,

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov. 9.

The celebrated Lawrence Cook breach of promise case was settled in Court today in a manner entirely satisfactory and highly honorable to all parties.

Fire,

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 9,

A fire at Medina this morning destroyed the hardware store of A J Lyon, Brooks grocery store, Scranten and Richardson's harness store and other property, involving a loss of $2,500.

From Tennessee

NASHVILLE, Nov. 9,

Convention bill passed Senate today to reduce the number of members to 50.

House did not act on amendment.

Marine Disaster

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 9.

The finishing smack General Sheridan, which left here Saturday, was brought in today water-logged. Capt. Matthew Sullivan and three fishermen perished.

From Portland

PORTLAND, Nov. 9.

The schooner Sarah Gardiner, Rawley master, belonging in St George, from Calais to Boston with lumber, which put into this port for a harbor on the 5th instant, sailed this afternoon, and on passing Portland light was run into by an unknown schooner.

Her main boom was broken, boat stove and she sustained other injuries. She put back for repairs.

## LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Penobscot County Sabbath School Convention.

The first Union Penobscot County Sabbath School Convention assembled in this city yesterday. The first meeting of the Convention was for prayer from 9½ to 10 o'clock A. M. At 10 o'clock the Convention was called to order by A. S. Weed of this city.

Moses Giddings of this city was chosen temporary chairman and A. S. Weed, Secretary. A nominating Committee was then appointed, consisting of Rev. S. Baker of Orono, Rev. S. L. B. Chase of Bangor and Rev. Mr. Tarbox, who reported through their chairman the following for permanent organization—

President—Moses Giddings.

Vice Presidents—W P Hubbard, E H Fogg, S B Fifield.

Secretary—U S Pearl.

Treasurer—A S Weed.

Corresponding Secretary—Rev. S L B Chase.

Business Committee—W P Hubbard, Dr. Preble, J C White, M P C Withers.

Finance Committee—J. L Crosby, B F Bradbury, and Dr. Preble,

Appropriate opening remarks were then made by the President, after which on motion of Rev. C. F. Allen the matter of the organization of a County Sunday School Society was referred to the nominating commitee, to which Rev. C. F. Allen was then added upon motion of Rev. S. L. B. Chase.

Upon motion of Wm. P. Hubbard the meeting adjourned to meet at 11 o'clock according to previous appointment.

At eleven o'clock the meeting was opened with singing hymn—

"Sound, sound the truth abroad."

after which Rev. Mr. Jewell led in prayer, earnestly asking for the Divine guidance and blessing.

Wm. P. Hubbard, chairman of Business Committee, then reported the order of exercises for afternoon session, viz: An address by Rev. Mr. Halewood upon the topic of the great purpose of Sabbath School labor. Mr. Hazlewood said that he did not intend to make an address, only to open the subject to discussion. It is absurd to ask the question. There was only one purpose —could be no subordinate one. Better ask what is the purpose which there is danger of forgetting. The purpose is conversion. The most practical question is, how shall the work be best carried on? The most successful Superintendents and Sunday School teachers are those who are most Christ like. It is necessary to be in intimate communion with the Master. We can only get there by cherishing a continual feeling of penitence and faith. If we wish for the conversion of Sunday School children, we must give them the Law and the Gospel—Law first, and the Gospel when they are ready to receive it.

The Convention then united in singing a good old Methodist hymn, after which Rev. Mr. Jewell briefly but ably discussed the question. He was followed by Rev. S. L. B. Chase, who asked if the Sabbath School accomplished the work designed? Thinks nine-tenths of the work misdirected. He spoke strongly to invite discussion. Teachers cannot be successful unless they have a real earnest overwhelming desire to save souls. Is it enough to teach the child merely how to be good? Ought not the atonement to be taught also?

Rev. Mr. Church followed briefly and earnestly. He said teachers should watch for unconverted souls.

Rev. S. L. B. Chase asked, "Are not our Sabbath Schools as generally managed a complete failure?" which was promptly responded to negatively by Rev. Mr. Allen, who related interesting instances of good done by the Sabbath School, both morally and spiritually. Sabbath School scholars are generally subjects of revivals.

Mr. Proctor of Boston, was then introduced to the Convention. He said it was so near time to close he would not occupy any time, but the Convention would hear enough of him before he left.

Time then being extended, Rev. Mr. Prince of Orrington beautifully illustrated the mind of the child.

The Business Committee reported the order of exercises for P. M. and evening, after which the Convention united in singing closing hymn.

Adjourned to meet at 2 o'clock P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

A prayer meeting was held from 2 to 2½ o'clock, conducted by Rev. Dr. Tefft of Brewer.

At 2½ o'clock the Convention was called to order by the President, who introduced Rev. Mr. Prince of Orrington, to open the first topic for discussion, "Why more conversions do not follow this work." The question was further participated in by Rev. Mr. Strout, Rev. Mr. Ayer of Bangor, Rev. Dr. Tefft of Brewer, Rev. C. F. Allen, and Rev. F. T. Haslewood of this city, John S. Crosby of Bangor, Rev. Smith Baker of Orono, and Bro. Coggswell.

The Convention then sang—

"Sow in the morn thy seed."

and took a recess of ten minutes.

The second topic, "Music" was then introduced by Bro. C. M. Bailey of Oldtown. The subject was then discussed by Rev. S. L. B. Chase, and Rev. S. P. Fay, John Crosby, Col. Little and T. G. Stickney of Bangor. At the close of the discussion J. C. Proctor of Boston was called for and made some very interesting remarks upon this topic.

The Business Committee then reported and the session was closed with prayer by Rev. Mr. Carey.

EVENING SESSION.

Services conducted by J. C. Proctor of Boston. Services opened by singing—

"All hail the power of Jesus' name."

Scripture was then read by Mr. Proctor from the 12th chap. of Luke, and prayer offered by Rev. S. P. Fay of this city. Mr. Proctor then introduced himself to the children in a very pleasing manner and proceeded to interest them through some black-board exercises

The first exercise was that representing a house with the door in a prominent part, and from the Scripture, "Behold I stand at the door and knock." He then in a very simple manner explained to them how Jesus comes to all our hearts and knocks for admittance. He then addressed himself particularly to the teachers and asked them to teach the "shalls" and the "shan'ts" of the bible, with a heart full of love for the work, feeling sure if they should they would see good results. He then related to the children incidents that had come under his own observation where little children had opened the doors of their hearts and admitted the Saviour to dwell there. Here they sang—

"Shall we gather at the river."

He then interested the children by telling them a story.

Closed with singing—

"Around the throne of God in Heaven."

ORDER OF SEVICES TO-DAY.

The following will be the order of services to-day—

Nine to 9½.—Prayer meeting.

Nine and one-half to 10:25—Question, "How shall we retain the young men and young women in the Sunday School.

Ten twenty-five to 10:35—Recess.

Ten thirty-five to 11:15—Bible Classes, how to conduct them. Discussion to be opened by Rev. W. W. Marsh.

Eleven fifteen to 12—Teachers' meetings and their importance. Opened by Rev. Smith Baker.

AFTERNOON.

Two to 2½—Prayer meeting.

Two and one-half to 3½—Infant Class conducted by Mr. J. C. Proctor.

Three and one-half to 4¼—Question—Draw.

Four and one-fourth to 4¾—Business meeting, reports of Committees, &c.

Mr. Proctor wishes to meet as many children as may be in the large vestry of the Church at 2 o'clock, to rehearse a few new tunes. Remember children at 2 o'clock precisely.

At 7 o'clock there will be a grand Sunday School Concert. Exersises conducted by Mr. Proctor. Go early and fill the house.

The Sunrise man arose like a rocket, but he goes down even more severely than a stick. We are informed upon good authority that in one lot of sheep driven from Houlton and towns to the north of that point, there were 1560. We are rather glad the Sunrise said there wasn't the "least truth" in our former statement. It lacked truth only so far as it lacked strength. We are getting new facts every day as a result, which go to prove that Aroostook is a much more valuable section than the Sunrise would have us believe it illumines.

—The statement published yesterday that the Portland and Machias steamer Lewiston would make but three or four more trips this season is incorrect, as Captain Dennison informs us that it is the present intention to run the boat through December.

—Thanksgiving comes next week, and while the good house-keeper fills her pantry with puddings, pies, turkeys and the many good things that crowd the table on that day of happy reunions, let each one put aside something from their plenty for those less fortunate. The Children's Home does not contain all the poor and needy of the city, yet the boys and girls sheltered within its walls should not be forgotten at such a time. Let the first Thanksgiving dinner in the new Home be a bountiful one, that the happy hearts of the children may be filled with love and gratitude for their kind benefactors.

POLICE COURT. *Monday, Nov. 9th.* Thomas Gillespie, who seems determined to go to the bad, was sent to the House of Correction for 30 days for being a common drunkard, but to give him another chance Judge Clark ordered the mittimus suspended as long as Thomas would keep sober.

—The sunset last evening was gorgeous beyond description. It would have been a rare study for a painter.

—Yesterday was a snapping cold day.

DISSOLUTION. The firm heretofore existing at Winn under the style of Poor & Kingman is dissolved. Henry, Poor and Son settle the business of the late firm.

PERSONAL. Hon. F. A. Pike of Calais, passed through Bangor last evening on his way home from an extended tour in Europe.

—Jabez C. Woodman, Esq., of Portland, died at his residence on Monday morning. Mr. Woodman had resided in Portland for twenty-five years, practicing law, in which profession he was an honored member.

—The annual Levee at the Methodist Church in Brewer, will be held to-morrow evening.

—LAUNCHED. From the Crosby ship yard, Saturday, Nov. 6th, the fine modelled schooner Penobscot of about 180 tons burthen, O. M., and owned by the builders J. H. & B. S. Crosby.

Harrison D Lobby of Portland, one of the persons who broke jail at Wiscasset on last Friday, was recaptured by Sheriff Patterson, assisted by City Marshal Siphers of Gardiner, Monday morning. He had 24 hours start of the officers when they got on his track. He was taken between China village and Kendall's Mills, nearly 50 miles from Wiscasset.

—The Bath Times says that Henry W. Stetson narrowly escaped drowning at Damariscotta Thursday. He fell from the trestle work of the new bridge into the river while the current was running up at full force. He was carried up river to the temporary bridge, upon a brace of which he caught and held on until rescued by the workmen on the bridge.

—The Mail says that the house, shed and barn of Mr. Henry Witham of West Waterville, with all their contents, were burned one day last week. Mr. Witham had just moved into the house which he had recently bought and nearly paid for, and he and his family find themselves stripped of everything at this season of the year, for they were able to save only the clothes they stood in.

—A little son of Henry Goodwin of Bath, six years of age, fell Friday ... down stairs and broke his arm at the wrist, says the Bath Times.

—Wheelwright Stevens of Searsport, owns a cow that has produced four calves in fifteen months—two pairs of twins. He wants to know if anybody's cow has beaten or equalled it; so says the Belfast Journal.

—Mrs Noyes, living on Main street, Auburn, by a fall down stairs a few days since, broke three ribs and sustained such other injuries as to render her case critical for a day or two, but she is now in a fair way to recover, says the Lewiston Journal.

—A correspondent of the Lewiston Journal says: "We were shown a specimen of a double-headed snake in the cabinet of Mr Ross, of Rockland. It was caught in that vicinity and kept alive by him for some time. Both heads were perfectly developed, and it took its food in either mouth as it was most convenient. The heads were entirely distinct for two or three joints of the backbone."

—The Press says that the Portland Eagle Sugar Refinery finished boiling last week, having consumed between fourteen and fifteen thousand hogsheads of molasses since last February.

—The Portland Press says that the internal revenue receipts for amusements in that district for October were $3,959—all but about $500 of which were taken in Portland. For September the amount was about $5,000, making a total for the two months of about $9,000.

—The Portland Argus learns that the work of construction on the line of the Somerset road has been prosecuted with steadiness and vigor during the past season, and the road substantially graded to Norridgewock and to Madison bridge, and on other points on the line between Madison bridge and Solon. The high price of sleepers, consequent upon the great depth of snow last winter, and the desirableness of subjecting the road-bed to another winter's settling, have led the Directors to forego the laying down of rails over any portion of the road the present year.

—Two attempts were made at highway robbery in Portland on Saturday and Sunday.

—The Times says that Capt. John Patten of Bath, was thrown from his wagon on Saturday, by the breaking of the axletree, on Front street, near his residence. Fortunately his injuries were very light.

—The Mail says that Mr. Wm. Otis of Waterville, has a young orchard of some five or six hundred trees, that are taken care of, in the best sense of the words. His trees are seedlings eight years old, of his own raising on the farm. He manures, washes, trims and mulches them as carefully as he beds and feeds his cattle, and for the same reason—it pays.

—The Gardiner High School building was burned Sunday afternoon, as we learn from the Press. From the exposed location and the time of discovery, it may well be considered the work of an incendiary. At the time of the first discovery of the fire, with prompt action it might have been easily extinguished. The building was a stone structure, built in 1818, and valued at about $1500. Insured for $900 in the Home Co. of New York.

—A correspondent of the Lewiston Journal says among the recent changes in business are E. A. Ayer, dry goods, sold out to H. C. Quimby; L. R. Page & Co. jewellers, dissolved, now now J. F. Page; Horton & Lincoln, tailors' and gents' furnishing goods, now George N. Lincoln; F. Corson & Co., boots and shoes, &c., now Corson, Knight & Co.

—In Somerset county there seems to be a feeling that the talked of consolidation of the Maine Central and Portland and Kennebec roads will kill off the Somerset road entirely. Speaking of this the Somerset Reporter says:

We know nothing of the matter of consolidation; we have only heard it mentioned as has the Advocate and probably know less about it; but it strikes us that if the existing companies consolidate, after having put the towns above to so much expense they are in honor and justice bound to give them ample and immediate railroad communication. Any basis of consolidation that does not recognize this should not be thought of.

—The following gentleman have been appointed clerks to the valuation commission: George R. Hatch, Pembroke; L G. Philbrook, Sedgwick; E. B. Averill, Dover; Albert N. Ames, Lewiston; Cyrus W. Longley, Bath; Charles A. Millikan, Burnham, and Samuel B. Holt, Thurner.

Political and Personal.

Gen. Ames has assigned 45 officers of the army to duty as inspectors of registry in various counties in Mississippi.

General John E. Wool is eighty six years old, and it is feared he will not recover from the effect of his recent accident.

The canvass in Mississippi between Judge Dent and Gen. Alcorn has closed temporarily by mutual consent. Judge Dent goes to Washington on professional business, and Gen. Alcorn to his home to attend to private affairs.

The Democrats complain that, to all their insinuations against Gen. Ames, President Grant merely says that he "does not believe these stories about Ames."

The third party in Ohio having secured about one-tenth of one per cent. of the whole vote of the State, its friends in New Hampshire are greatly encouraged and threaten if the constabulary law in New Hampshire is defeated next Tuesday to set up for themselves.

Gen. Belknap's wife was a rebel during the war. Her brother was captured by Gen. Belknap, and the circumstance brought about the acquaintance which led to their marriage.

A Republican candidate for Congress in Texas writes to a Senator in Washington, saying he does not think his State is yet fit for admission to Congress. Cold-blooded murders by bands of armed men are as frequent now as they were during the war.—Only a few weeks ago Judge Hart, a prominent Unionist, was waylaid and murdered on his way from holding court to his residence.

The New York Tribune "reckons" that one winter's unchecked sway of the Tammany Ring at Albany will "cure our sulky and our slow-and-easy Republicans of their fondness for staying away from the polls—that the slowest tortoise among them all will have a live coal on his back before the next State election."

The western papers make all manner of fun of the recently published portraits of the new Secretary of War and say they should have been labelled Rawlins instead of Belknap for they do very slightly resemble the late Secretary while they never suggest the living one.

Gov. Fairchild's majority in Wisconsin is about 10,00. The Senate will contain twenty Republicans and 13 Democrats, and the Assembly will have about ten Republican majority.

Austin's majority for Governor of Minnesota will not exceed 3,000 ... of the Republican State ticket will have 5,000 majority.

POOR LITTLE BOSTON. Boston has people who want Mr. Boutwell to sell some gold among them. Mr. Boutwell promises that when Boston grows up and has an importing trade of her own and thus pays into the United States Treasury more gold for duties than the United States has to spend on the spot, then the United States will sell gold there. In the mean time little Boston can have no sales, and we advise that she console herself with another musical jamboree.

[N. Y. Herald.

A prominent government official in New York is reported as predicting a financial crash in Wall street New York, before the holidays which will equal in its disastrous consequences the effects of the recent Fisk-Gould gold conspiracy.

There was a high gale in New York all night, but it subsided yesterdry morning and was clearer and warmer.

The officers of the privateer Hornet were brought to Brooklyn Monday in charge of Marshal Foote of North Carolina and turned over to Marshal Dalton, who held them in $10,000 each to answer before the U. S. Circuit Court.

Lexington, Ky., has shipped 2,780 mules the past six weeks. The Bourbon Democracy will have to look out for its ascendency.

BUSINESS NOTICE—

TREFOUSSE KIDS—Without doubt the best quality and best fitting kid glove in the world. A full line, including blue and green, just received at No. 7, Main Street, E C. NICHOLS & Co.

Buy your Dry Goods of E C. Nichols & Co. They keep the best goods at lowest prices, No. 7 Main street. Nov. 5 —tf


AUCTION.

J. B. FOSTER,

General Commission Merchant

—AND—

Auctioneer,

OFFICE—M. M. M. Insurance Office,
28 West Market Square

House at Auction.

On SATURDAY NEXT, November 13th,

At 2½ o'clock P. M., on the premises,

The westerly tenement of the four story brick house, on State, opposite Newbury St., being the former residence of the late A. P. ATWOOD, Esq. This is one of the most substantial and thorough built houses in the city, and one of the most desirable residences. The main house and ell are of brick, with cellar under the whole—a large wooden Stable in the rear. The house is finished throughout in a neat and substantial manner, is very conveniently arranged, with furnace, gas, cisterns, bathing room, and most of the appointments of a first class house. There is no necessity of expending a dollar for immediate occupation. The property belongs to heirs, and can be sold on liberal terms, viz: $1000 cash; the balance in five equal annual payments, with interest semi-annually; notes secured by mortgage.

The premises are unoccupied, and the purchaser can have immediate possession.

I have the key, and shall be pleased to show the house to any one who wishes to examine it with a view of purchasing. J. B. FOSTER,
Nov. 8. ts Auctioneer.

R. S. PRESCOTT,

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

Commission Merchant, Auctioneer

AND

GENERAL APPRAISER,

No. 12 - - - Central Street

E. B. PATTEN,

Commission Merchant & Auct'nr

No. 37 MERCANTILE SQUARE.

Special attention given to the sale of Real Estate at private or public sale. Parties having Houses, Farms, or other property for sale, are invited to register a description of the same at office.

Harnesses, Spices, Blankets, &c.,

On *SATURDAY*, Nov. 6th, at 10 o'clock A. M., At 37 Mercantile Square,

2 New Harnesses (extra work and finish)
20 Boxes Gro. Pepper,
15 " Cream Tartar.
10 " Gro. Cloves.
5 " Gro. Ginger.
20 pairs Extra Woolen Blankets.
10 pairs Extra Horse "
1 piece New Hemp Carpet.
And a variety of other articles.
Also, One Horse,—kind, good driver, six years old—sold for no fault. At 11 o'clock A. M.

Real Estate Brokerage.

City Property, Farms and Timber Lands BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Questions concerning title to real estate thoroughly investigated.

Nov 2 C. N. HERSEY, Attorney at Law. Office, No. 4 Main St., Bangor.

For Rent.

A Tenement for a small family, and in a desirable location. Inquire of
Nov8 31* GEO. DICKEY, Ohio St.

For Rent.

A Set of from four to six pleasant rooms on the first floor in the Gothic Block, Main Street, including two large front rooms, will be rented low for the winter, to a family or families, without children.

Also, two suits of rooms on the second floor. Apply to ALBERT EMERSON.
Nov8 2w No. 20 Summer Street.

Bartlett's Library.

The books in the above will be sold immediately, SINGLY OR IN ANY NUMBER.

Prices very low.

Call and Examine.

Nov5.

NEW IMPORTATIONS

—OF—

Crockery and China Ware

For the Fall and Winter Trade.

WE have just imported from the celebrated Potteries of ELLSMORE & FORSTER their new Crystal shape in Parisian Granite, which, in color and shape, is the closest imitation of French China, of any Ware before in the market

Our stock comprises other shapes of White Granite and Common ware of the FIRST QUALITY.

White and Gold Band French China, Dinner and Tea Sets,

Together with a full line of

Glass Ware,

Lamps, Chandeliers and Brackets,

Britannia and Silver Plated Goods,

Table Cutlery, Parian and Bohemian Fancy Goods, German Lava Flower Pots and Hanging Baskets, &c. &c.

We have, and shall keep a full line of

Iron Stone China, Double Thick,

For Hotels, Restaurants, and Ships' use, which we shall furnish at

Importers Wholesale Prices.

All goods delivered in the city *without charge*.

J. S. RICKER & CO.

Bangor, Oct. 28, 1869. 1stf No. 1, Main St.

List of Non-Residents

IN School House Tax, in School District No. 1, in the Town of Lagrange.

| Name of Owner. | No. Lot. | No. acres. | Value. | Tax. $ cts |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Unknown, ½ of No. 8, west of State Road | 8 | 74 | 100 | 3 50 |
| Unknown, south part of 10, west of State Road. | 10 | 50 | 27 | 1 00 |
| Unknown, south half of 34, east of State Road. | 34 | 50 | 10 | 32 |
| | | | | 4 82 |

D. R. P. Johnson, Treasurer of the Town of Lagrange.

I certify that the foregoing is an accurate copy of ... Lagrange, July 28, 1869.

CENTRAL RAILROAD

Of Iowa,

ITS

SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD

First Mortgage Bonds!

FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX,

At 95 and Accrued Interest.

This road runs through the richest and most thickly settled portion of this magnificent State and is the only link wanting to connect St. Louis and St. Paul by a direct line, 147 miles shorter than any other.

It runs through the great coal fields of Southern Iowa to the North, where coal is indispensable and must be carried.

It runs FROM the great lumber regions of the North, through a district of country which is destitute of this prime necessity.

It does not RUN THROUGH A WILDERNESS, where it would wait for years for a population to give it business, but through a tier of Counties which are now producing about twenty million bushels of grain, most of which is freight for railroads.

Forty-five miles are just finished, and the Superintendent reports that on the portion open for business the net earnings are more than the interest liabilities.

Sixty miles more are graded, and a million and a half of dollars have already been expended on the work.

The mortgage is made to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., and bonds can be issued only at the rate of $16,000 per mile, or only half the amount upon some other roads. Special security is provided for the principal and for the payment of interest.

First mortgages upon most railroads are the very safest investments, and so far as we can learn, there is not a single completed line in the Northwest which is not only paying its interest, but a good dividend upon its stock.

The immense grain and other freights to be carried away, and the domestic supplies to be brought in, ensure a profitable business.

First Mortgage Bonds for so small an amount upon a road running through such a rich and already well settled part of Iowa, can well be recommended as a perfectly safe as well as very profitable investment. At the present rate they pay about ten per cent. on the investment. Over $400,000 have already been taken by the Company's officers and others interested in the enterprise. Pamphlets, with map, may be obtained, and subscriptions will be received in Bangor by

P. M. BLAKE, Esq.,

BANKER, &c.,

And in New York at the COMPANY'S OFFICES, No. 32 PINE STREET, at the BANK OF NORTH AMERICA, 44 WALL-STREET, and at HOWES & MACY'S, 30 WALL STREET.

Pamphlets sent by mail on application.

W. B. SHATTUCK,

Nov. 8, 1869. 1mdaw TREASURER.

NOTICE.

LADIES,

We are now organized in our FUR DEPARTMENT, for making over and repairing OLD FURS, in the best, and most economical manner.

THOS. HERSEY & CO.,

Nov 3 New Store, Corner Main and Water Sts.

Notice.

The Subscriber has added to his stock an elegant new BAROUCHE and HACK, from the establishment of Messrs Sargent & Co., Boston, and will be pleased to receive orders from those desiring stylish carriages. Orders may be left at the House.

Oct26 1m C. M. SHAW, Bangor House

Buffalo Robes Repaired.

WOLF AND BUFFALO ROBES repaired or made to order. Apply at Corner of Birch and Harlow Streets. Mrs. R. C. WYATT.
Nov2

For Sale or Rent.

A STORY AND A HALF HOUSE on Essex St., near the Arsenal. Enquire of DEXTER ANDREWS.
Nov6 1w Nov. 3 City Point.

Economy is Wealth.

I DEFY COMPETITION,

And to prove this, am now prepared to sell Goods *Lower than any other House in the city,*

And invite the public to examine my extensive stock of

**E**ARTHERN, CROCKERY, and GLASS WARE.

**C**HINA DINNER and TEA SETS.

**S**ILVER PLATED GOODS and CUTLERY.

**W**ITH a splendid assortment of Parian Vases and Statuary.

**E**VERY description of Lamps, Chandeliers and Brackets.

**E**XCELLENT variety of French and Bohemian Fancy Goods.

**T**O be sold very low for cash, at the NEW CROCKERY STORE.

REMEMBER THE NUMBER,

79 Exchange st.

E. C. SWEET.

Bangor, Nov. 4, 1869.

Team Horses for Sale.

A PAIR OF WELL MATCHED TEAM HORSES, weighing about 1200 each, with Harnesses; they are good age, and used to hauling Logs. Apply to JAMES WEBSTER,
Nov. 5, 1869. Orono.

Disolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Conner & Appleton, is this day disolved by mutual consent. All business of the late firm, will be settled by Henry A. Appleton, at the old store in Central Street.

E. P. CONNER,
H. A. APPLETON.

Bangor, Nov. 3, 1869.

LADIES' FURS.

A Good Variety at Low Prices,

Just received, at

BISHOP & BOURNE'S,

Nov. 5 3 Main Street.

PLATT'S PATENT HULLED

BUCKWHEAT

—ALSO—

STEWART'S

*White Drips,*

*Silver Drips*

—AND—

GOLDEN SYRUPS,

—AT—

HENRY A. APPLETON'S

No. 18 Central Street.

Bangor, November 5, 1869.

Eastern

State Normal School,

CASTINE, MAINE.

THE WINTER TERM will commence Dec. 1869, and continue twelve weeks. Tuition and text books free. Board, and rooms for self boarding, reasonable For particulars address G. T. FLETCHER, A. M., Principal. Or, Hon. WARREN JOHNSON, Nov4 4w State Superintendent, Augusta.

To Lumbermen.

For Sale in Georgia.

7000 ACRES ... & FARM ... Georgia. nov2

CLOAKS.

The best place in Bangor to buy a

CLOAK OR WATERPROOF

Ready made, or made to order,

—IS AT—

E. C. NICHOLS & CO'S NEW STORE

No. 7 Main Street,

CLOAKS.
CLOAKS.
CLOAKS.

Oct27

C. W. COFFIN

WILL SELL A CHOICE SELECTION OF FASHIONABLE

MILLINERY

*At the Lowest Possible Prices.*

No. 1 Gothic Block, Main Street,

Corner Store under Hatch House.

Sept29 tf

Bangor Directory.

A FEW copies of the new Directory left, and for sale at 75 cents. D. BUGBEE & CO.
Oct12

For Sale.

AT Wharff's Shop, one good IRON HUB SIX HORSE WAGON.
Oct8 W. H. STRICKLAND & CO

NEW LOT

CASHMERE SHAWLS,

Long, Square, Plain and Filled Center,

—AT—

19 Main Street,

Westgate & Richardson.

Oct25

FOR

Black, Brown, Gold mixed, Plaid a d Striped,

Repellants for Waterproofs,

GO TO

WESTGATE & RICHARDSON'S

Cloak Rooms,

Oct25 19 Main Street.

*CLOAKS, CLOAKS.*

New Styles

Just received, at

Westgate & Richardson's,

CLOAK ROOMS,

Oct25 19 Main Street.

OPENING.

STANFORD & WHITNEY

Have just opened one of the

Choicest Stocks

—OF—

DRESS GOODS,

EVER SHOWN IN BANGOR,

Consisting in part of

French Poplins, all colors,

EPINGLINES, all colors,

EMPRESS CLOTHS, all colors,

SUIT CLOTHS, all colors,

TAMISE CLOTHS, all colors,

All Wool Plaids,

THIBETS, &c., &c.

We invite particular attention to our Stock of

BLACK ALPACAS,

Which is the largest to be found in the city of Bangor. (we mean it,) and at

Prices that cannot fail to suit,

From 30 cts. to $2 per yard.

SHAWLS

SHAWLS.

We have almost everything in SHAWLS,

A Full Line of Cashmere, in all Prices, both Long and Square.

Also, all the popular makes of

WOOLEN SHAWLS.

LAWRENCE,
EASTERN STAR,
HIGHLAND,
GOLDEE CROWN, &c.

40 pieces more of those CROWN WATERPROOFS, in all colors.

DOMESTICS.

Our stock in this Department was never more complete.

ELEGANT LINE OF BLANKETS,

FLANNELS, SHIRTS & DRAWERS,

LADIES' UNDERVESTS,

TABLE LINENS,

NAPKINS, TOWELS, &c.

An elegant stock of

WOOLENS,

For Men's and Boys' wear,

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

All of the above goods have been purchased since the fearful money panic in New York, at a great reduction from former prices, and purchasers will find it for their interest to examine our stock and prices.

STANFORD & WHITNEY,

15 West Market Square.

Bangor, Oct. 12, 1869.

Miss N. T. DOANE

—AND—

Miss M. A. GURNEY,

Cloak and Dress Makers,

—AT—

WESTGATE & RICHARDSON'S

Cloak Rooms,

Oct26 tf 19 Main Street.

Hot Coffee—Free,

AT 186 State Street, Boston, every morning at 11 o'clock. nov2 MW&F

Stationery,

A FULL Stock for sale at Lowest Prices, by D. BUGBEE & CO.

Account Books

OF every description manufactured and sold by D. BUGBEE & CO

Children's Books,

A LARGE Variety at the Bookstore of
Nov2 D. BUGBEE & CO.

REMOVAL.

STONE & DAGGETT

HAVE REMOVED TO THEIR

NEW STORE,

No. 6 Main Street,

Next Door to the Old Stand of J. P. Bass

And are now opening the

Largest and Best Selected

STOCK

They have ever offered to the Public.

Bangor, Sept. 25, 1869.

GRAND OPENING

—OF—

FALL AND WINTER

CLOAKS

—AND—

CLOAKINGS.

STANFORD & WHITNEY

WILL OPEN

FRIDAY MORNING, Oct. 29, 1869,

Elegant Pattern Cloaks,

REAL ASTRACANS,

IMITATION ASTRACANS,

REAL LYONS VELVET,

THREAD LACES,

And Everything in

CLOTHS AND TRIMMINGS,

CALL AND SEE THEM.

STANFORD & WHITNEY.

Bangor, Oct. 27, 1869.

A NEW LOT

—OF—

RICH AND DESIRABLE

SLIPPER PATTERNS,

Just received, and selling CHEAP

At the BANGOR BAZAAR.

Children's Worsted Caps,

SACKS, SCARFS and MITTENS.

Bergmann's Zephyr Worsteds,

All Colors,

At the BANGOR BAZAAR.

Ladies' Merino Undervests and Drawers,

Hosiery, Gloves, Nubias, Buttons, Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Braids, Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs, Switches, Back Combs, and a large assortment of

Small Wares,

At the BANGOR BAZAAR.

WORK BASKETS

Travelling Baskets, Bags, Portmonnaies, Jewelry, and

Novelties all Kinds.

Come and see

At the BANGOR BAZAAR.

Bangor, Oct. 30. 3tawtf

150 BARRELS

Choice Winter Apples,

FOR FAMILY USE,

At PROCTOR, SANDS & SMITH,

No. 10 Central Street.

Nov. 3. tf

The Abbott Family School,

AT LITTLE BLUE,

*FARMINGTON, - - - MAINE,*

THIS Institution has been in successful operation *twenty-five years.* The natural facilities here afforded, together with the complete internal arrangements of the Mansion and School Room, make this one of the most desirable schools in New England.

Pupils received at *all times.*

Send for circular or address the Principal,
ALDEN J. BLETHEN.

Farmington, Oct. 4, 1869. d&w8w*

Custom Coat Makers

WANTED

Oct27 At No. 102 Main St.

200 Barrels

APPLES.

Kennebec Baldwins.
Kennebec Greenings.
New York Pippins.
Pound Sweets.

For sale by
Nov4 A. L. & R. C. BOYD.

VALUABLE

TIMBER LANDS

AND MILL PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, desirous of disposing of all his interest in Timber Lands and mills, will sell on favorable terms the following:

*One-Half Township No. 5, Range 4, Oxford County.*

The whole township contains twenty-six thousand (26,000) acres; is heavily timbered with spruce, estimated at sixty to eighty millions, all of which stands within near and easy hauling distance of the Magalloway river or its branches, which runs through the town, or Parmachena Lake, which is embraced within its limits.

*Also 16,000 Acres of Land in the Town of Byron Oxford Co.,*

well covered with large Spruce timber. Swift river and its branches run through these lands and empty into the Androscoggin below Rumford Falls.

*Also 1100 Acres Timber and Wood Land in Town of Gorham, N. H.,*

two miles above the Alpine House, on the line of the Grand Trunk Railroad, and the banks of the Androscoggin river. There is a large quantity of wood on these lots which, from its proximity to the Railroad, is steadily increasing in value.

*Also 2500 Acres Lands in the Towns of Albany and Stoneham,*

near the village of North Waterford, Oxford County. This land is covered with thrifty sapling Pine timber, standing near Crooked river, which runs through the tract. Logs cut into Crooked river can be run to Saccarappa, or by hauling four to five miles they can be put into the Saco. There is a good mill privilege, with a single saw mill on the tract; distance to the canal at Harrison ten miles; to the railroad at South Paris twelve miles. The land is valuable for settling purposes after being cleared of timber.

*Also 435 Shares of Stock in the Lewiston Steam Mill Company,*

the whole capital stock being represented by 827 shares. The property of the company consists of a Steam Saw Mill, capable of manufacturing five million feet of long lumber, with a proportionate amount of clapboards, shingles and laths. About fifteen acres land in the city of Lewiston, well located for building purposes, and thirty thousand acres of timber land, well located on the Androscoggin river and its branches, from which but a small quantity of the timber has been cut.

JOHN LYNCH,
Or, LYNCH, BARKER & CO

Portland, Aug. 11, 1869.

Book Binding

IN all its branches, executed by D. BUGBEE & Co.


NewspaperARCHIVE.com

# Miscellany.

## Maud and Madge.

BY JULIA C. R. DORR.

Maud in a crimson velvet chair
Strings her pearls on a silken thread,
While lovingly lifting her golden hair
Soft airs wander about her head.
She has silken robes of the softest flow,
She has jewels rare and a chain of gold,
And her two white hands flit to and fro,
Fair as the dainty toys they hold.

She has tropical birds and rare perfumes;
Pictures that speak to the heart and eye;
For her each flower of the Orient blooms—
For her each song and the lute swell high;
But daintily stringing her gleaming pearls
She dreams to-day in her velvet chair,
While the sunlight sleeps in her golden curls
Lightly stirred by the odorous air.

Down on the beach when the tide goes out,
Madge is gathering shining shells;
The sea-breeze blows her locks about,
O'er bare brown feet the white sand swells.
Coarsest serge in her gown of gray,
Faded and torn her apron blue,
And there, in the beautiful, dying day
The girl still thinks of the work to do.

Stains of labor are on her hands;
Lost is the young form's airy grace,
And standing there on the shining sands
You read her fate in her weary face.
Up with the dawn to toil all day
For meagre fare and a place to sleep,
Seldom a moment to dream or play,
Little leisure to laugh or weep.

Beautiful Maud, you think may be,
Lying back in your velvet chair,
There is naught in common 'twixt her and thee,
You scarce could breathe in the self-same air.
But ah! the blood in her girlish heart
Leaps quick as yours at her nature's call,
And ye, though moving so far apart,
Must share one destiny after all!

Love shall come to you both one day,
For still must be what aye hath been;
And under satin and russet gray
Hearts will open to let him in.
Motherhood with its joy and woe,
Each must compass through burning pain,
You, fair Maud, with your brow of snow,
Madge with her brown hands labor-stained.

Each shall sorrow and each shall weep,
Though one is in hovel, one in hall;
Over your gold the frost shall creep,
As over her jet the snows will fall.
Exquisite Maud, you lift your eyes
At Madge out yonder under the sun;
And yet I trow, by the countless ties
Of a common womanhood ye are one!

## The Little Match-Box Maker.

ANNA CORA RITCHIE.

[Concluded.]

We hardly expect a child of four Winters to reflect, to calculate; but poverty and misery act as a forcing house for the brains of human plants—and by-and-by as the day advanced, and she sold nothing, the little saleswoman began to be sorely troubled; she thought how many boxes she could have made if she had remained at home! The muscles of the wizened little face twitched nervously, but she was hardly child enough, or yet woman enough, to shed tears liberally dropped. Her little hand was thrust out with sudden desperation, as she uttered more shrilly and beseechingly than before,

'Match boxes! Match boxes! I made 'em myself!' She had not been taught the professional match-vender's cry,—that there were match boxes and that she had made them, was the uppermost thought.

'You don't say so? You didn't though, did you? Such a little midge as you!' It was the jovial voice of a sailor that spoke, as his ready hand was thrust into his pocket. 'How much, eh?'

'A penny a piece.'

'Let's see,—one, two, three, four, five; there's five coppers for you. Now give us your five mammoth boxes.'

The hands of the amazed, bewildered child trembled so much, through sudden and overwhelming joy, that she could hardly hand him the five boxes.

'All right; just the thing to light my pipe;' and he went merrily on his way.

Should she go home at once with her treasure,—a mine of wealth,—her five whole coppers? or should she try to sell her remaining box? The greed of gain was strong within her,—how could it be otherwise? It was the first greed she had been taught. She remained. And now the diminutive hand was extended more confidently, and the unchildlike face was strangely lighted up as it looked unfearingly into the benevolent countenance of one who had passed in front of her.

'Matches, are they?' asked a cheery voice.

'Match boxes! I made 'em myself!' repeated the child, but less mechanically than before.

'Yourself? You? Why how old are you?'

'Four.'

'And you made this neat little box?'

The gentleman—we apply the designation to him, though he would scarcely have laid claim to it in England, for albeit he was well dressed and had an air at once genial and courteous, he looked like a man who gained his own livelihood, a farmer it might be, or a wealthy tradesman—the gentleman took the match box in his hand and examined it curiously as he spoke. 'And what is your name?'

'Mo.'

'Mo. What else?'

'Just Mo!'

The voice was so like a suppressed little moan, that it struck the sensitive ear of the questioner, and he wondered whether it had been fastened upon her, in sad mockery, as a nickname.

'Do you stand here every day?'

'Oh, no! I make boxes at home;—two hundred a day—three hundred long days!'

'My God! Is it possible!' exclaimed the gentleman, in a voice of indignant wrath. 'This atom! This mite! With those tiny, skeleton hands!'

Mr Blake was one of that small, very small class who not only interest themselves in the lives of the poor, but sorely disturbed their own lives in pondering the question, 'How comes it that some of God's creatures are underservedly rich, and prosperous, and even happy, through no effort of their own, and some miserably poor, and suffering, and down-trodden, and utterly wretched, through no fault of their own?' To the answer that God gives to each man just what is best for him, such men boldly reply, 'if each man did his duty to his fellow men, then might God give each man just what is best for him,—but every man must do his duty to every other man to render that possible,—(as far as we can see) even for God to do. God wills peace and good will on earth—but man, the free agent, must be willing that there should be peace and good will. So the puzzling problem remains unsolved.'

'Show me where you live, little girl.'

The child looked wistfully at him. He had taken her match-box, but forgotten to pay her the penny—that penny which would make up the sixth—her large, unexpected fortune; and, as we have seen, she knew how to calculate where match-boxes were concerned. She could not lose her profits.

'It's a penny, please.'

'A penny—to be sure—I forgot. Now let us go;' and he placed the copper in her outstretched hand.

The child turned the corner, and Mr. Blake followed her to the dingy, dilapidated house in the alley, and up the narrow, rickerty stairs, to the little room in the attic.

With a step of unwonted rapidity and lightness the child entered and laid the six coppers on the bed, among the rough bags which her mother was sewing with slow and unsteady stitches.

'Six pennies, Mimmie! I sold 'em all—and he's come home with me.'

'He? Who, Mona?' inquired the woman in a voice of alarm.

As she uttered the words she looked up, and her eyes rested on a middle-aged man, standing at the foot of her bed, if we may so call her mattress of straw. In an instant the face, bloodless before, grew even whiter—or rather grew livid—her eyes dilated with an expression of horror, the work dropped from her hands and her head fell back on the pillow; but for the second look of the eyes, one might have thought she had not lost consciousness.

Mr. Blake drew the only chair (a wooden one) the room could boast, to the side of the bed, and with a kindly air that ignored the poverty of the poor woman's surroundings, and seemed to place her on a footing of equality with himself, said:

'May I sit down? What was it you called the child?'

No reply, but the same affrighted look. The little girl had already seated herself, instinctively as it were, on the box in front of her working materials, and was stirring up the small pot of paste. She looked over her shoulder, and said explanatorily, as though she were in the habit of replying for her mother—

'Mimmie called me Mona—she does sometimes—but Mo's my name, that's what they all calls me.'

'Mona!' A shadow passed over Mr. Blake's countenance, not precisely a frown, but a deep shade of sadness. 'I never knew but one called by that name—I did know one!'

There came a stifling sob from the woman, and the emaciated hands covered the white, speech-drawn face.

'I am sorry to distress you, but I should like to talk of the little girl—she is your child, is she not?'

The 'Yes' seemed forced out by another sob. There was a sense of appropriation, too, in the tone, as though there was some comfort in her wretchedness in claiming the one thing in the world that belonged to her.

The hands were still raised to hide her face, Mr. Blake was an observant man, and he noted that no wedding ring encircled the finger; but ever charitable in his judgments, he reflected that she might have been compelled to exchange it for bread; such things have been. Wedding rings are drugs in pawnbrokers' shops.

'You seem ill and very isolated here.—Have you no friends?'

'No.'

'No one with whom I could talk? I might suggest something for your benefit or little Mona's.'

'Not one.'

'Then tell me yourself; what would you have me do?'

'Go!—Please.'

The, please, came out softly, afterwards, as an apology, and told that the speaker had not been in the habit of being discourteous.

Mr. Blake rose at once; his instinctive delicacy forbade his intruding.

'I have no right to remain; but I leave you this card—if you will send a line to that address I will gladly be of any service in my power.'

He attempted gently to take one of her hands in his, but she pressed it down more tightly on her face murmuring—

'Thank you—thank you. Go—please.'

Mr. Blake patted the child on the head, as he passed her, and said,

'Good-by, Mona. Ask mamma to send for me soon.'

When the door closed upon him, the suffering woman took up the card, and as she read the name and address her sobs were no longer controlled, they broke out into fierce hysterical paroxysms, accompanied by a deluge of tears. Little Mona ran to her, swept away the canvass bags, crept on the bed, and put her arms around her: still she wept and wept, and only ceased from sheer exhaustion.

Singularly and abruptly as Mr. Blake had been dismissed, he had too humane a heart to turn away his thoughts from the poor woman because he felt bound to withdraw his presence. He knocked at the door next to hers, to obtain information of her from the inmates of the room, but learned little more than he knew already, except that she had lodged there for the last two years, was seldom able to rise from her bed, never went out, and saw no one, except another lodger, a widow, who brought her materials for the canvass bags, and had taught the child to make match-boxes (in which trade her own little ones were busily engaged), and performed similar small services. Mr. Blake next sought the apartment of this woman, and found her and her three children half starved, half frozen, and in abject poverty—yet she had found time to minister to her poorer neighbor. The children, who were sitting in the midst of their paste pots and slips of cardboard, and heaps of newly finished boxes, were thrown into a state of almost frantic delight when Mr. Blake drew a newspaper from his pocket and packed up all the boxes completed, and laid a crown piece on the table in payment. It was not alms-giving; it was a purchase, though the boxes, a little later, found their way into his grate.

He gave his address to the mother, and obtained from her a promise that if there was any change in the condition of her neighbor, or if she could be induced to see Mr. Blake he should be sent for at once.

Days passed and no summons came to him. His active mind was ever full of projects for the alleviation of his suffering fellow beings, and that kept his hands ever full of employment; yet he did not quite forget the little match-box maker and her mother. Why should the latter be so unwilling to permit a stranger's presence? Steeped in poverty, why did she thrust aside the hand outstretched to aid her? Several times Mr. Blake had passed the corner where he had first seen little Mona selling her matches, but the child was not again visible. Before the week was over he found a leisure hour to call upon the widow, in the lower story, and inquire after Mona's mother.

'I've been sorely tempted to send for you, sir, but as for getting her consent, she won't hear it mentioned; and she's picked up wonderful—a kind of strength is coming to her, all of a sudden; she's been up making of them bags day and night, to get a few ha'pence more, and once she's been out, sir, without saying a word to no one; and this morning she's told me she's going for good, and she's given me the four shillings she owed for the rent, to pay all up. I can't think why she's leaving, or where she's going. Bless my heart! there she is a-coming down stairs, with the little one, and they've got their bit of a bundle with them.'

The widow went to the door. Mr. Blake stood where he was unseen by Mona and her mother, as they paused in the entry.

'You've been very good to me, Mrs. Meggs, I thank you truly. We may not find such another friend,' said she.

'But must you go? And where will you be?'

'What matter, since I must go?'

'But you'll want work; there'll be more bags than I can finish coming in. I could carry them to you to make. And Mo will want orders for her match-boxes—matches is brisk in Winter—my young-ones have put their heads together and talk of raising prices. But mayhap you have something better offer?'

'No—nothing—nothing at all!—and yet I must go—I must not stay here!'

There was something at once despairing and rebellious in the woman's tone; it seemed the tone of one hunted out of her only place of security.

Mr. Blake now advanced.

'Mona Bronson!'

A shrill cry from the woman followed the utterance of the words, and once more she burried her face in her hands—but too late,—she had been recognized.

'Poor girl! I did not know you before—you are so changed. Is it from me that you are running away?'

Only a woman's answer—sobs.

'Come back to your room—I must talk to you, and this is no place.'

There was a little, gentle authority in his tone,—but the woman neither stirred nor replied.

'You would not have me speak here.'

She shuddered, and he took her hand from her face and drew her kindly towards the stairs. She ascended slowly, sobbing as she went, and the child clinging to her dress, until they entered the room, from which all signs of its late scanty furniture had been removed.

'My poor Mona, why do you fear me? I do not ask your history. That half starved child, and this thin, ringless hand, tell it more eloquently than you could. And it is the history of so many—the same story, with a few agonizing variations.'

'Do not let my father know—for Heaven's sake do not! He would find me out and curse me—he was always hard.

'He is softer now, I trust, more pitying; at all events he will never curse you, Mona.'

'You do not mean——?' Her pale, quivering lips would not frame the question.

'I mean that Reuben Blake will not see his departed friend's child ill and starving, and that friend's grandchild a baby of four years, wearing out baby body and baby soul making two hundred match boxes in a day to earn less than twopence.'

'We had the alternative of the workhouse: Any thing was better than that.'

'There shall be other alternatives. Thank God! there is at least, springing up in men's hearts a sense of the great injustice—the foul wrong somewhere, the screw loose in the social system which permits such great wealth and great poverty to flaunt and fester side by side! It's the one question that fills my brain night and day. If every brain into which it must force itself did what it could to remedy the evil—that evil—would soon be done away with over the whole face of the globe.'

Mona Bronton shook her head hopelessly.

'England is not the only land on the earth,'—he continued—'England is overthronged, and men are unwittingly trampling out each other's hearts, and treading out each other's lives in the struggling crowd' There are bright homes to be found in other lands—there are new hopes and new careers before even—'

'Not—not before those who have fallen as low as I—there can be nothing left in this world,—all is lost to the lost.'

'There are no lost whom infinite mercy can not find! You are one of how many in this great city whose histories are but a repetition of yours? Do you know that, at this moment, you have here surrounding you one million sisters in misery wrought by men? Are they all lost, think you? How many of these poor victims would a spot of earth, where they could breathe and work—a strong hand which they clasp in friendship fail to save? Come, brave little match-box maker,' and he took the child up in his arms tenderly, and laid her head upon his shoulder, these puny little hands have put the great cart of life before the horse long enough, and done their work before their play; it shall be all play now! Come, Mona Bronson. They say if you carry her lamb away, the sheep will follow, and little Mona and I are going to get into the first cab we can find, and we are going to a home where some, almost as sad as you, are waiting to learn what hope and a new life means.

He descended the stair with the child in his arms and only looked back when he reached the foot. The lost sheep had followed her lamb!


**Portable Steam Engines,**

COMBINING the maximum of efficiency, durability and economy with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 600 being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address J. C. HOADLEY & Co. Lawrence, Mass.
May18 6md


# OFFICIAL

## LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

*Passed at the Third Session of the Fortieth Congress.*

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, a general convention of amity, commerce, and navigation, and for the surrender of fugitive criminals, between the United States of America and the Dominican Republic, was concluded and signed by their respective plenipotentiaries, at the city of Santo Domingo, on the eighth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, which convention, being in English and Spanish languages, is word for word, as follows:

The United States of America and the Dominican Republic, equally animated with the desire of maintaining the cordial relations, and of tightening, if possible, the bonds of friendship between the two countries, as well as to augment, by all the means at their disposal, the commercial intercourse of their respective citizens, have mutually resolved to conclude a general convention of amity, commerce, and navigation, and for the surrender of fugitive criminals. For this purpose they have appointed as their plenipotentiaries, to wit: the President of the United States, John Somers Smith, commercial agent of the United States at the city of Santo Domingo, and the President of the Dominican Republic, Jose Gabriel Garcia, Secretary of State in the Department of Foreign Relations, and Juan Ramon Fiallo, ex-Secretary of the Treasury; who, after a communication of their respective full powers, have agreed to the following articles:

ARTICLE I.

It is the intention of the high contracting parties that there shall continue to be a firm, inviolable, and universal peace, and a true and sincere friendship between the Republic of the United States of America and the Dominican Republic, and between their respective countries, territories, cities, towns, and people, without exception of persons or places. If, unfortunately, the two nations should become involved in war, one with the other, the term of six months after the declaration thereof shall be allowed to the merchants and other citizens and inhabitants respectively, on each side, during which time they shall be at liberty to withdraw themselves, with their effects and movables, which they shall have the right to carry away, send away or sell, as they please, without the least obstruction; nor shall their effects, much less their persons, be seized during such term of six months; on the contrary, passports shall be valid for a term necessary for their return, and shall be given to them for their vessels and the effects which they may wish to carry with them or send away, and such passports shall be a safe-conduct against the insults and captures which privateers may attempt against their persons and effects, and the money, debts, shares in the public funds, or in banks, or any other property, personal or real, belonging to the citizens of the one party in the territories of the other, shall not be confiscated or sequestrated.

ARTICLE II.

The citizens of each of the high contracting parties, residing or established in the territory of the other, shall be exempt from all compulsory military service by sea or by land, and from all forced loans or military exactions or requisitions; nor shall they be compelled to pay any contributions whatever, higher or other than those that are or may be paid by native citizens.

ARTICLE III.

The citizens of the contracting parties shall be permitted to enter, sojourn, settle, and reside in all parts of said territories, and such as may wish to engage in business shall have the right to hire and occupy warehouses, provided they submit to the laws, as well general as special, relative to the rights of travelling, residing, or trading. While they conform to the laws and regulations in force, they shall be at liberty to manage themselves their own business, subject to the jurisdiction of either party, as well in respect to the consignment and sale of their goods by wholesale or retail as with respect to the loading, unloading, and sending off their ships. They may also employ such agents or brokers as they may deem proper, and shall in all these cases be treated as the citizens of the country wherein they reside; it being, nevertheless, distinctly understood that they shall be subject to such laws and regulations also in respect to wholesale or retail. They shall have free access to the tribunals of justice, in cases to which they may be a party, on the same terms which are granted by the laws and usage of the country to native citizens; for which purpose they may employ in defence of their interests and rights such advocates, attorneys, and other agents as they may think proper.

ARTICLE IV.

The citizens of each of the high contracting parties, residing in the other, shall enjoy the most perfect liberty of conscience. They shall be subjected to no inconveniences whatever on account of their religious belief, nor shall they in any manner be annoyed or disturbed in the exercise of their religious worship in private houses, or in the chapels and places which they may select for that purpose; provided, that in so doing they observe the decorum due to the laws, usages, and customs of the country. It is likewise agreed that the citizens of the one country dying in the territory of the other, may be interred either in the ordinary cemeteries or in such others as may be selected for that purpose by their own government, or by their personal friends or representatives, with the consent of the local authorities. All such cemeteries and funeral processions, going to or returning from them, shall be protected from violation or disturbance.

ARTICLE V.

The citizens of each of the high contracting parties, within the jurisdiction of the other, shall have power to dispose of their personal property by sale, donation, testament, or otherwise; and their personal representatives, being citizens of the other contracting party, shall succeed to their personal property, whether by testament or *ab intestato*. They may take possession thereof, either by themselves or others acting for them, at their pleasure, and dispose of the same, paying such duty only as the citizens of the country wherein the said personal property is situated shall be subject to pay in like cases. In the absence of a personal representative, the same care shall be taken of the property as by law would be taken of the property of a native in a similar case, whilst the lawful owner may take measures for securing it. If a question should arise among claimants as to the rightful ownership of the property, the same shall be finally decided by the judicial tribunals of the country in which it is situated.

When on the decease of any person holding real estate within the territory of one party, such real estate would by the law of the land descend on a citizen of the other, were he not disqualified by alienage, the longest term which the laws of the country in which it is situated will permit shall be accorded to him to dispose of the same; nor shall he be subjected, in doing so, to higher or other dues than if he were a citizen of the country wherein such real estate is situated.

ARTICLE VI.

The high contracting parties hereby agree, that whatever kind of produce, manufactures, or merchandise, of any foreign country can be, from time to time, lawfully imported into the United States in their own vessels, may also be imported in the vessels of the Dominican republic, and no higher or other duties upon the tonnage or cargo of the vessels shall be levied or collected, whether the importation be made in a vessel under the flag of the United States, or a vessel under the flag of the Dominican republic. And, reciprocally, whatever kind of produce, manufactures, or merchandise of any foreign country can be, from time to time, lawfully imported into the Dominican republic in her own vessels, may also be imported in vessels of the United States, and no higher or other duties upon the tonnage or cargo of the vessel shall be levied or collected, whether the importation be made in a vessel under the flag of the Dominican republic, or under the flag of the United States.

Whatever can be lawfully exported or re-exported by one party in its own vessels to any foreign country, may, in like manner be exported or re-exported in the vessels of the other; and the same duties, bounties, and drawbacks shall be collected and allowed, whether such exportation or re-exportation be made in vessels of the one or the other. Nor shall higher or other charges of any kind be imposed in the ports of one party on vessels of the other than are or shall be payable in the same ports by national vessels.

ARTICLE VII.

The preceding article is not applicable to the coasting trade of the contracting parties, which is respectively reserved by each exclusively for its own citizens.

But vessels of either country shall be allowed to discharge a part of their cargoes at one port, and proceed to any other port or ports in the territories of the other to discharge the remainder, without paying higher or other port charges or tonnage dues than would be paid by national vessels in such cases, so long as this liberty shall be conceded to any foreign vessels by the laws of both countries.

ARTICLE VIII.

For the better understanding of the preceding stipulations, it has been agreed that every vessel belonging exclusively to a citizen or citizens of the Dominican republic, and whose captain is also a citizen of the same, such vessel having also complied with all the other requisites established by law to acquire such national character, though the construction and crew are or may be foreign, shall be considered, for all the objects of this treaty, as a Dominican vessel.

ARTICLE IX.

No higher or other duty shall be imposed on the importation into the United States of any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of the Dominican republic, or of her fisheries; and no higher or other duty shall be imposed on the importation into the Dominican republic of any article the growth, produce, or manufacture of the United States, or their fisheries, than are or shall be payable on the like articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of any other foreign country, or its fisheries.

No other or higher duties or charges shall be imposed in the United States on the exportation of any article to the Dominican republic, nor in the Dominican republic on the exportation of any article to the United States, than such as are or shall be payable on the exportation of the like article to any other foreign country.

No prohibition shall be imposed on the transportation of any article, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the United States or their fisheries, or of the Dominican republic and her fisheries, from or to the ports of the United States or the Dominican republic, which shall not equally extend to every other foreign country.

ARTICLE X.

Should one of the high contracting parties hereafter impose discriminating duties upon the products of any other nation, the other party shall be at liberty to determine the manner of establishing the origin of its own products intended to enter the country by which the discriminating duties are imposed.

ARTICLE XI.

When any vessel of either party shall be wrecked, stranded, or otherwise damaged on the coasts or within the jurisdiction of the other, their respective citizens shall receive, as well for themselves as for their vessels and effects, the same assistance which would be due to the inhabitants of the country where the accident happened, and they shall be liable to pay the same charges and dues of salvage as the said inhabitants would be liable to pay in a like case.

If the repairs which a stranded vessel may require shall render it necessary that the whole or any part of her cargo should be unloaded, no duties of custom, charges, or fees on such cargo as may be carried away shall be paid, except such as are payable in like cases by national vessels. It is understood, nevertheless, that if, while the vessel is under repair, the cargo shall be unladen and kept in a place of deposit destined for the reception of goods, the duties on which have not been paid, the cargo shall be liable to the charges and fees lawfully due to the keepers of such warehouses.

ARTICLE XII.

It shall be lawful for the citizens of either country to sail with their ships and merchandise (contraband goods always excepted) from any port whatever, to any port of the enemy of the other, and to sail and trade with their ships and merchandise, with perfect security and liberty, from the countries, ports, and places of those who are enemies of either party, without any opposition or disturbance whatsoever, and to pass not only directly from the places and ports of the enemy aforementioned, to neutral ports and places, but also from one place belonging to an enemy to another place belonging to an enemy, whether they be or be not under the jurisdiction of the same power, unless such ports or places be effectively blockaded, besieged, or invested.

And whereas it frequently happens that vessels sail for a port or place belonging to an enemy without knowing that the same is either besieged, blockaded, or invested, it is agreed that every vessel so circumstanced may be turned away from such port or place, but she shall not be detained nor any part of her cargo, if not contraband, be confiscated, unless, after notice of such blockade or investment, she shall again attempt to enter; but she shall be permitted to go to any other port or place she shall think proper: provided the same be not blockaded, besieged, or invested. Nor shall any vessel of either of the parties that may have entered into such port or place before the same was actually besieged, blockaded, or invested by the other, be restrained from quitting such place with her cargo, nor, if found therein after the reduction and surrender of such place, shall such vessel or her cargo be liable to confiscation, but they shall be restored to the owners thereof.

ARTICLE XIII.

The liberty of navigation and commerce shall extend to all kinds of merchandise, excepting those only which are distinguished by the name of contraband of war, and under this name shall be comprehended.

1°. Cannons, mortars, howitzers, swivels, blunderbusses, muskets, fusees, rifles, carbines, pistols, pikes, swords, sabres, lances, spears, halberds, grenades, bombs, powder, matches, balls, and everything belonging to the use of arms.

2°. Bucklers, helmets, breastplates, coats of mail, accoutrements, and clothes made up in military form and for military use.

3°. Cavalry belts and horses, with their harness.

4°. And generally, all offensive or defensive arms, made of iron, steel, brass, copper, or of any other material prepared and formed to make war by land or at sea.

ARTICLE XIV.

All other merchandises and things not comprehended in the articles of contraband explicitly enumerated and classified as above shall be held and considered as free, and subjects of free and lawful commerce, so that they be carried and transported in the freest manner by the citizens of both the contracting parties, even to places belonging to an enemy, excepting only those places which are at the time besieged or blockaded.

ARTICLE XV.

The two high contracting parties recognize as permanent and immutable the following principles, to wit:

1°. That free ships make free goods; that is to say: that the effects or goods belonging to subjects or citizens of a power or state at war are free from capture or confiscation when found on board neutral vessels with the exception of articles contraband of war.

2°. That the property of neutrals on board of an enemy's vessel is not subject to confiscation, unless the same be contraband of war.

The like neutrality shall be extended to persons who are on board a neutral ship with this effect, that although they may be enemies of both or either party, they are not to be taken out of that ship, unless they are officers or soldiers, and in the actual service of the enemy. The contracting parties engage to apply these principles to the commerce and navigation of all such powers and states as shall consent to adopt them as permanent and immutable.

ARTICLE XVI.

In time of war the merchant ships belonging to the citizens of either of the contracting parties, which shall be bound to a port of the enemy of one of the parties, and concerning whose voyage and the articles of their cargo there shall be just grounds of suspicion, shall be obliged to exhibit as well upon the high seas as in the ports or roads not only their passports but likewise their certificates, showing that their goods are not of the quality of those which are specified to be contraband in the thirteenth article of the present convention.

ARTICLE XVII.

And that captures on light suspicions may be avoided, and injuries thence arising prevented, it is agreed that when one party shall be engaged in war, and the other party be neutral, the ships of the neutral party shall be furnished with passports, that it may appear thereby that the ships really belong to the citizens of the neutral party: they shall be valid for any number of voyages, but shall be renewed every year; that is, if the ship happens to return home in the space of a year. If the ships are laden they shall be provided, not only with the passports above mentioned, but also with certificates, so that it may be known whether they carry any contraband goods. No other paper shall be required, any usage or ordinance to the contrary notwithstanding. And if it shall not appear from the said certificates that there are contraband goods on board, the ships shall be permitted to proceed on their voyage. If it shall appear from the certificates that there are contraband goods on board any such ship, and the commander of the same shall offer to deliver them up, the offer shall be accepted, and a receipt for the same shall be given, and the ship shall be at liberty to pursue its voyage unless the quantity of the contraband goods be greater than can conveniently be received on board the ship-of-war or privateer, in which case, as in all other cases of just detention, the ship shall be carried into the nearest safe and convenient port for the delivery of the same.

If any ship shall not be furnished with such passport or certificates as are above required for the same, such case may be examined by a proper judge or tribunal; and if it shall appear from other documents or proofs, admissible by the usage of nations, that the ship belongs to the citizens or subjects of the neutral party, it shall not be confiscated, but shall be released with her cargo, (contraband goods excepted,) and be permitted to proceed on her voyage.

If the master of a ship, named in the passport, should happen to die, or be removed by any other cause, and another put in his place, the ship and cargo shall, nevertheless, be equally secure, and the passport remain in full force.

ARTICLE XVIII.

In order to prevent all kinds of disorder in the visiting and examination of the vessels and cargoes of both the contracting parties on the high seas, it is hereby agreed that whenever a ship-of-war shall meet with a neutral of the other contracting party, the first shall remain at a convenient distance, and may send its boats, with two or three men only, in order to execute the examination of the papers concerning the ownership and cargo of the vessel, without causing the least extortion, violence, or ill treatment, for which the commanders of the said armed ships shall be responsible with their persons and property; for which purpose the commanders of all private armed vessels shall, before receiving their commissions, give sufficient security to answer for all damages they may commit; and it is hereby agreed and understood that the neutral party shall in no case be required to go on board the examining vessel for the purpose of exhibiting his papers, or for any other purpose whatever.

ARTICLE XIX.

It is expressly agreed by the high contracting parties that the stipulations above mentioned, relative to the conduct to be observed on the sea by the cruisers of the belligerent party towards the ships of the neutral party shall be applicable only to ships sailing without convoy, and when the said ships shall be convoyed, it being the intention of the parties to observe all the regards due to the protection of the flag displayed by public ships, it shall not be lawful to visit them; but the verbal declaration of the commander of the convoy that the ships he convoys belong to the nation whose flag he carries, and that they have no contraband goods on board, shall be considered by the respective cruisers as fully sufficient; the two parties reciprocally engaging not to admit under the protection of their convoys ships which shall have on board contraband goods destined to an enemy.

ARTICLE XX.

In all cases where vessels shall be captured or detained, to be carried into port under pretence of carrying to the enemy contraband goods, the captor shall give a receipt for such of the papers of the vessel as he shall retain, which receipt shall be annexed to a copy of the said papers; and it shall be unlawful to break up or open the hatches, chests, trunks, casks, bales, or vessels found on board, or remove the smallest part of the goods, unless the lading be brought on shore in the presence of the competent officers, and an inventory be made by them of the same. Nor shall it be lawful to sell, exchange, or alienate the said articles of contraband in any manner, unless there shall have been lawful process, and the competent judge or judges shall have pronounced against such goods sentence of confiscation.

ARTICLE XXI.

And in such time of war, that proper care may be taken of the vessel and cargo, and embezzlement prevented, it is agreed that it shall not be lawful to remove the master, commander, or supercargo of any captured ship from on board thereof, during the time the ship may be at sea after her capture, or pending the proceedings against her, her cargo, or anything relating thereto; and in all cases where a vessel of the citizens of either party shall be captured or seized and held for adjudication, her officers, passengers, and crew shall be hospitably treated. They shall not be imprisoned or deprived of any part of their wearing apparel, nor of the possession and use of their money, not exceeding for the captain, supercargo, mate, and passengers five hundred dollars each, and for the sailors one hundred dollars each.

ARTICLE XXII.

It is further agreed that in all cases the established courts for prize causes, in the country to which the prizes may be conducted, shall alone take cognizance of them. And whenever such tribunal of either of the parties shall pronounce judgment against any vessel or goods, or property claimed by the citizens of the other party, the sentence or decree shall mention the reasons or motives on which the same shall have been founded, and an authenticated copy of the sentence or decree, and of all the proceedings in the case, shall, if demanded, be delivered to the commander or agent of the said vessel without any delay, he paying the legal fees for the same.

ARTICLE XXIII.

When the ships-of-war of the two contracting parties, or those belonging to their citizens, which are armed in war, shall be admitted to enter with their prizes the ports of either of the two parties, the said public or private ships, as well as their prizes, shall not be obliged to pay any duty either to the officers of the place, the judges, or any others; nor shall such prizes, when they come to and enter the ports of either party, be arrested, or seized, nor shall the officers of the place make examination concerning the lawfulness of such prizes, but they may hoist sail at any time and depart and carry their prizes to the places expressed in their commissions, which the commanders of such ships-of-war shall be obliged to show. It is understood, however, that the privileges conferred by this article shall not extend beyond those allowed by law or by treaty with the most favored nations.

ARTICLE XXIV.

It shall not be lawful for any foreign privateers who have commissions from any prince or State in enmity with either nation, to fit their ships in the ports of either, to sell their prizes, or in any manner to exchange them; neither shall they be allowed to purchase provisions, except such as shall be necessary to their going to the next port of that prince or State from which they have received their commissions.

ARTICLE XXV.

No citizen of the Dominican Republic shall apply for or take any commission or letters of marque for arming any ships to act as privateers against the said United States, or any of them, or against the citizens, people, or inhabitants of the said United States, or any of them, or against the property of any of them, from any prince or State with which the said Republic shall be at war; and if any person of either nation shall take such commissions or letters of marque, he shall be punished according to their respective laws.


## FALMOUTH HOTEL,

PORTLAND.

BOARD, $3,50 PER DAY.

Sept 28. 3m

## NATIONAL HOUSE,

Harlow St., Bangor, Maine,

A. R. GREENOUGH, - - - Proprietor.

This House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the travelling community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. R. GREENOUGH.

Bangor, September 13, 1869.

## ADAMS HOUSE,

Temple Street, Portland, Maine, between Federal and Middle.

This new and first-class Business Hotel, pleasantly and centrally located, is now thrown open to the travelling public. The advantages offered by this Hotel are numerous. Its is newly and completely furnished, and every arrangement has been made by the Proprietor with a regard for the comfort and convenience of its guests. With regard to situation the House is unequalled, being accessible to Custom House, Post Office and street cars. Charges will be sufficiently moderate to meet the public approval, viz: $2,00 to $2,50 per day, according to room.

CHAS. H. ADAMS, (Late of the Preble House,) Proprietor.
JOHN SAWYER, (Late of Baker House, Yarmouth,) Manager.

Portland, Aug. 9th, 1869. 3mWat

## Calcined Plaster,

JUST FROM THE FACTORY. Fresh ground at S. P. BRADBURY & SON'S.

July 21st, 1869.

## New Books.

ADAM BEDE, by George Eliot; Saint Paul, by Renan Laure, or the Blighted Life. Received at CHAS. HIGHT'S

Sept30

## City of Bangor,

IN CITY COUNCIL.

ORDERED: That the Street Engineers lay out anew Union street, from the Penobscot River to Hammond street, and in connection with Hiram F. Mills, ascertain the original lines of said street.

Passed Aug. 16th, 1869.

(Signed,) GEO. W. SNOW, City Clerk.

A true copy of record,
Attest, GEO. W. SNOW, City Clerk.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an Order of the City Council passed Aug. 16th, 1869, the Street Engineers of Bangor will meet on Thursday, the 11th day November, 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M. on Union street near its junction with Broad street, and will proceed to lay out anew, Union street, from the Penobscot River to Hammond street, and will estimate and decide if any person will sustain damages thereby, and apportion such damages, if any, according to law, upon the lots of land benefitted by said laying out.

Notice is given to all parties interested in the premises, to appear at the above mentioned time and place of meeting, if they see cause, then and there to be heard upon the subject.

GEO. W. WHITNEY, REUBEN BAGLEY, FRED'K. COOMBS, } Street Engineers.

Nov. 4, 1869.

## WANTED,

AT

LOW'S MARKET,

FOR CASH, AND HIGHEST PRICES,

30,000 Partridges,
25,000 Rabbits,
5,000 Coons.
1,500 Bears,

And any quantity of VENISON, BLACK AND WOOD DUCKS, GREY SQUIRRELS, & TROUT.

WILLIAM LOW.

Bangor, Oct. 2, 1869. 5m

## Dissolution of Copartnership

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers under the name of Ricker & Ireland, is dissolved by mutual consent, and all demands against the firm will be paid by J. S. Ricker, who is authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation.

JOS. S. RICKER, ROBY IRELAND.

Bangor, October 11 1869.

N. B.—The undersigned will continue the importing, wholesale and retail Crockery, China and Glass Ware business at the old stand, No. 1 Main St., and all indebted to the late firm are requested to make immediate payment to

oct11 J. S. RICKER & CO.

## Passadumkeag Boom Co.

PROPOSALS will be received by the subscriber until Nov. 20th, for rafting all logs coming into Passadumkeag Boom in 1870. Blank contracts may be had on application to

J. W. PORTER, Treasurer.

Burlington, Oct. 21, 1869. Oct24

## Dissolution of Copartnership.

The copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of Clayton, Bunker and Hewes, is this day dissolved by mutual agreement.

All unsettled business of the late firm will be settled by Bunker & Hewes, successors in business of the said Clayton, Bunker & Hewes, at their store No. 51 Broad Street, Bangor.

WM. Z. CLAYTON, C. M. BUNKER, C. E. HEWES.

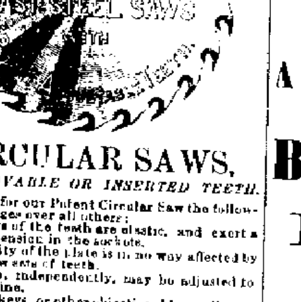
BANGOR, Oct. 18, 1869.

## R. HOE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF WARRANTED

Extra Cast Steel Patent Ground Circular Mill Mulay and Gang

SAWS!




CIRCULAR SAWS,

*WITH MOVABLE OR INSERTED TEETH.*

We claim for our Patent Circular Saw the following advantages over all others:

The shanks of the teeth are elastic, and exert a uniform distension in the sockets.

The stability of the plate is in no way affected by inserting new sets of teeth.

Each tooth, independently, may be adjusted to the cutting line.

No rivits, keys, or other objectionable appliances are employed in connection with the teeth which are as simple in construction, and as easily used as a nut for a bolt.

In short, all the difficulties heretofore experienced in the use of movable teeth for saws, are fully met and obviated by this invention.

ALSO,

TUTTLE PATENT

"CHAMPION" CROSS-CUT SAWS

CROSS-CUT SAWS,

OF ALL KINDS.

SAW MANDRELS,

GUMMING MACHINES, &c.

Send for Catalogues and Price Lists.

R. HOE & CO.,

Printing Press Machine and Saw Manufacturers New York, Boston, Mass., and London, England

Sept 6m3tawdaw

## Prisoners of War.

REBEL PRISONS!

BY LAWS JUST ENACTED, each Soldier will be paid money in lieu of rations, for every day he was held a prisoner of war by the rebels.

Also, the same will be paid to the nearest heir of every soldier who died while a prisoner, or who died after his release, for all the time he was a prisoner, to be paid in the following order, viz:

First, To the soldier's widow, if any, if none—
Second, To his children, if none—
Third, To his parents, if none—
Fourth, Brothers and sisters.

Blanks of all kinds and full directions have been furnished me from Washington, and I am prepared to collect these claims on very reasonable terms. Full information given at my office, or sent by mail free of charge. [illegible] by mail on application. [illegible] without the delay the claims usually [illegible].

C. P. BROWN,

Att'y and Claim Agent, BANGOR.

N. B.—Pensions, Bounty, Pay, Extra Pay, and War Claims collected as heretofore. C. P. B.

## International Steamship Co.

EASTPORT, CALAIS, and St. JOHN

DIGBY, WINDSOR AND HALIFAX.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

TWO TRIPS PER WEEK.

On and after MONDAY, Sept. 27th the Steamer New Brunswick, Capt E. B. Winchester, and the steamer New England, Capt E. Field, will leave Railroad Wharf, foot of State St., every Monday, and Thursday, at 6 o'clock P. M., for Eastport and St. John.

Returning will leave St. John and Eastport on same days.

Connecting at Eastport with the Steamer BELLE BROWN, for St. Andrews, and Calais, and with N. B. & C. Railway for Woodstock and Houlton stations.

Connecting at St. John with the Steamer Empress, for Digby, Windsor and Halifax, and with the E. & N. A. Railway for Shediac and intermediate stations. Connections at St. John for Fredericton and Charlottetown P. E. I.

Freight received on days of sailing until four o'clock, P. M.

sept20 dtf A. R. STUBBS, Agent.

## Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s

THROUGH LINE TO

California and China.

Steamers leave pier No. 42, North river, foot of Canal street, at 12 o'clock noon, on the

5th, and 21st,

except when these days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

November 20th.—ALASKA, Captain Gray, connecting with COLORADO, Capt. Parker.

One hundred pounds of baggage allowed each adult. Medicines and attendance free.

All departures touch at Manzanillo; that of the 1st connects at Panama with Steamers for South Pacific ports; 5th and 21st for Central American ports; and those of 1st touch at Manzanillo.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Steamer JAPAN, leaving Dec. 4th, 1869.

For freight, passage tickets and all further information, apply at the office, on the wharf, foot of CANAL Street, North River, New York.

F. R. BABY, Agent.

Or to C. L. BARTLETT & CO., New England Agents, 16 Broad Street, Boston, and P. M. BLAKE, 9 Central-st., Bangor.

June 29th, 1869.

## FALL RIVER LINE,

FOR

New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, and all principal points West South and South-West, via Taunton, Fall River and Newport.

Cabin, $5.00; Deck, $4.00. Baggage checked through and transferred in N. Y. free of charge.

New York trains leave the Old Colony and Newport Railway Depot, corner of South and Kneeland streets, daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows; at 4.30 P. M., arriving in Fall River 40 minutes in advance of the regular Steamboat Train, which leaves Boston at 5.30 P. M., connecting at Fall River with the new and magnificent steamers PROVIDENCE, Capt. B. M. Simmons, BRISTOL, Capt. Benj. Brayton. These steamers are the fastest and most reliable boats on the Sound, built expressly for speed, safety, and comfort. This Line connects with all the Southern Boats and Railroad Lines from New York going West and South, and convenient to the California Steamers.

"*To Shippers of Freight*" this Line, with its new and extensive depot accommodations in Boston, and large pier in New York, (exclusively for the business of the Line,) is supplied with facilities for freight and passenger business which cannot be surpassed. Freight always taken at low rates, and forwarded with despatch.

New York Express Freight Train leaves Boston at 1.30 P. M.; goods arrive in New York next morning about 6 A. M. Freight leaving New York arrives in Boston on the following day, at 9.45 A. M.

For tickets, berths and staterooms, apply at the Company's office, at No. 3 Old State House, corner of Washington and State streets, and at Old Colony and Newport Railroad Depot, corner of South and Kneeland streets, Boston.

Steamers leave New York daily, (Sundays excepted,) from Pier 30 North River, foot of Chamber st, at 5 P. M.

JAMES FISK, Jr., Pres't.
M. R. SIMONS, Managing Director Narragansett Steamship Co.
GEO. SHIVERICK, Passenger and Freight Agent.

may13 1y

## Maine Steamship Company.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

On and after the 18th inst. the fine Steamers DIRIGO, and FRANCONIA will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Galt's Wharf, Portland, every Monday and Thursday, at 6 o'clock P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every Monday and Thursday at 3 o'clock P. M.

The Dirigo and Franconia are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most convenient and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, $5. Cabin passage $4. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded to and from Montreal, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, and all parts of Maine.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 4 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to

HENRY FOX, Galt's Wharf, Portland.
J. F. AMES, Pier 38 East River.

Portland, May 11th, 1868.

## FOR BOSTON.

The new and superior sea-going steamers

John Brooks & Montreal,

Having been fitted up at great expense with a large number of beautiful State Rooms, will run the season as follows:

Leaving Atlantic Wharf, Portland, at 7 o'clock, and India Wharf, Boston, every day at 5 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays excepted.)

Fare in Cabin $1.50
Deck Fare, 1.00

Freight taken as usual.

Sept 27, 1869. dtf L. BILLINGS, Agent.

## Shortest Route to New York

INSIDE LINE via STONINGTON.

From Boston, and Providence Railway Station at 5.30 o'clock, P. M., (Sundays excepted), connecting with new and elegant Steamers at Stonington, and arrive at New York in time for early trains South and West, and

Ahead of all other Lines.

In case of fog or storm, passengers by paying $1 extra can take the Night Express Train via Shore Line, leaving Stonington at 11.30 P. M., and reaching New York before 6 o'clock A. M.

J. W. RICHARDSON, *Agent.*

134 Washington Street, Boston.

April 16, 1869.

## J. O'B. DARLING,

OFFERS

A Large & Excellent Stock

—OF—

BOOTS, SHOES,

Hats, &c.,

In Great Variety & Completeness

—AND AT—

BOTTOM PRICES!

COUNTRY DEALERS

need go no farther to secure

GOOD BARGAINS,

In the BEST GOODS for

The Maine Trade,

to be found in any market.

Prompt Attention Paid to Orders.

No Goods at Retail.

133 and 135 EXCHANGE STREET.

Bangor, May 14th, 1869.


## State Valuation.

The Commissioners on the State Valuation will attend to a hearing of parties from the several cities, towns and plantations desiring it, at the Senate Chamber in Augusta, the first, second and fourth weeks of November.

And to a hearing of the owners of Wild Lands, at the same place, from the 6th to the 11th day of December, each day inclusive.

SETH SCAMMAN, Chairman.

nov1 2w

## State of Maine.

HEADQUARTERS, Adj't General's Office, Augusta, November 1, 1869.

GENERAL ORDER No. 5.

The Military Company at Augusta, Captain Edward F. Wyman Commanding, will constitute the Seventh Company of Volunteer State Militia, authorised by Act approved February 25, 1869.

Immediately upon receipt of this order, the Commanding Officer will forward to these Headquarters Descriptive Rolls showing the organization of the Company as organized, and requisitions for arms, equipments and clothing.

By order of the Commander in Chief.

B. B. MURRAY, Jr., Assistant Adjutant General.

Nov4 1w


## CLOTHING,

CLOTHING.

—AT—

S. B. FIFIELD'S

134 Exchange Street,

BANGOR.

I HAVE in stock now the LARGEST ASSORTMENT of

CLOTHING

FOR

*MEN AND BOYS,*

that I have ever offered in this city. Just received and Latest styles

| | |
|---|---|
| All Wool Matched Suits, | $25 00 |
| " " " | 20 00 |
| " " " | 15 00 |
| " " " | 12 00 |
| Union Fancy Matched Suits, | 12 00 |
| " " " | 11 00 |
| " " " | 10 00 |
| " " " | 9 00 |
| " " " | 8 00 |
| All Wool Pants and Vest, | 12 00 |
| " " " | 10 00 |
| " " " | [illegible] |
| " " " | [illegible] |
| " " " | [illegible] |
| " " " | 5 00 |
| " " " | 5 00 |
| Union Fancy Pants and Vest, | 5 00 |
| " " " | 4 50 |
| " " " | 4 00 |
| " " " | 3 00 |
| " " " | 2 75 |
| " " " | 2 50 |
| " " " | 2 25 |
| " " " | 2 00 |
| Heavy Cotton Pants, | 1 50 |

Boy's Clothing,

ALL STYLES AND PRICES.

Some splendid styles of BOYS' COATEE SUITS, all wool and union,—prices from $4.00 to $13 50 a suit.

Also, a large Stock of Plain and Fancy Wool Shirts, White Shirts, Under Shirts and Drawers, Lumbermen's Shirts and Frocks, Cardigan Jackets, Duck Overalls, Buck Gloves, and all FURNISHING GOODS usually found in a Clothing Warehouse.

*HATS AND CAPS,*
*SLEIGH ROBES,*
*HORSE BLANKETS*

A large discount will be made to the Trade on all goods at Wholesale. Country merchants are invited to call and examine our Stock, and save by so doing, by getting good styles and goods that you can sell at a profit.

*Overcoats! Overcoats!*

I have a large stock, for Men and Boys,

Moscow Beavers
Castor Beavers,
Simony Beavers,
Union Beavers,

BLACK, BLUE, and BROWN BEAVERS,

Gray and Fancy Chinchilla, all colors that can be found in the market.

Having sold my Custom Business to W. F. CHISAM I am giving my whole attention to the

Ready-Made Department,

And shall be happy to see all of my old customers, and as many new ones as will favor me with a call.

Do Not Forget the Place.

134 *Exchange Street,*

S. B. FIFIELD.

Bangor, Sept. 11, 1869. 3m

## New Store,——New Goods.

Mr. JOHN A. KELLEY,

HAVING leased the Store No. 75 Exchange St., (two doors North Penobscot Exchange), begs leave to inform his former patrons and the public generally, that he has opened the same with a large and choice STOCK OF GOODS, consisting of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

Also, a large assortment of CLOTHS of the latest styles, such as PILOTS, CHINCHILLAS, WHITNEY and MOSCOW BEAVERS, DOESKINS, BROAD CLOTHS, &c., which he will sell at the

Lowest Cash Prices.

P. S. The Custom Department will be under the immediate supervision of Mr. KELLEY himself, who will pay strict attention to the cutting of MEN AND BOYS CLOTHING.

J. A. KELLEY.

Bangor, Nov. 20th, 1868.

## Coal!

We are prepared to furnish consumers of

COAL

WITH SUPERIOR

Lehigh,

White Ash,

—AND—

Red Ash,

—AT THE—

Very Lowest

Market Prices.

C. A. Babcock & Co.,

BROAD STREET.

NORTH OF BREWER FERRY

May 20th, 1869. tf


## NOTICE.

THE Bonds of the City of Bangor, issued to aid in building the B. & P. Railroad, are now in the market. These Bonds are of the denominations of $500 and $1000, payable in thirty years, with semi-annual coupons attached—principal payable in Boston—interest payable in Boston or Bangor. They are commended as a perfectly safe and reliable investment for agents, guardians, corporations, and individuals investing their own or the funds of others.

Applications for Bonds may be made by letter, or in person, to S. D. THURSTON, Treas. B. & P. R. R. Co.

Bangor, May 18, 1869

## Dissolution.

THE firm of HODGKINS & CO, was dissolved Sept. 13th, by mutual consent. The business of the firm will be settled by either party.

I. A. HODGKINS. M. E. HODGKINS.

Bangor, Oct. 1, 1869.

The undersigned, having formed a copartnership under the name and style of

HODGKINS, HALL & CO.,

For the purpose of carrying on the

CORN, FLOUR & GROCERY BUSINESS,

Have leased Store 106 Exchange Street, formerly occupied by WILLIAM JEWELL, where they will be pleased to see their friends, and all who wish to buy good goods at low prices.

J. M. HODGKINS, SAM'L C. HALL, M. E. HODGKINS.

oct4

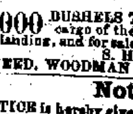

## Card Printed on Envelopes

AT THE

*Whig & Courier Office,*

*KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.*

## American Glass Window



PULLEYS. The simplest, most durable, and VERY MUCH the cheapest window pulley ever made. Approved by leading architects and builders. For sale by

THO'S JENNESS & SON,

je11 6m No. 12 West Market Square, Bangor.

## Turks Island Salt.

17,000 BUSHELS TURKS ISLAND SALT, cargo of the brig Atlas, just arrived. Now landing, and for sale by

S. H. DALE & CO.,

Or WEED, WOODMAN & BERRY. july 18


## Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. B. S. GRANT this day retires from the firm of THOMAS HERSEY & CO. The business will be continued by the remaining members of the firm, who are authorised to settle all accounts of the late firm.

THOMAS HERSEY. B. S. GRANT. J. A. BUZZELL.

Bangor, Sept. 27, 1869. sept28

## European and North American Railway.

ON and after Nov. 8th, 1869, Trains will run as follows:—

Leave Bangor (Exchange Street) for Winn 7.30 A. M., and 7.20 P. M. For Milford at 11.30 A. M., and 5.30 and 7.20 P. M.

Leave Winn for Bangor at 4.23 A. M. and [illegible] P. M.

Leave Milford for Bangor at [illegible] A. M., and 1.50 and 5.15 P. M.

Trains due in Bangor (Exchange Street) at 9.25 A. M. and 2.45 and 6.35 P. M.

The 4.23 A. M. train from Winn, and 7.20 P. M. train from Bangor, will not stop at [illegible] Basin Mills or Webster.

Bangor, Nov. 5th, 1869. J. McLEAN[illegible]

## Maine Central Railroad.

ON and after MONDAY, June 21, 1869, the Passenger Trains for Boston, Portland, Dexter & intermediate stations on this Road, will leave Bangor at 7.30 A. M.

Accommodation Train for Dexter and Waterville and intermediate stations, will leave at [illegible] P. M.

Accommodation Train from Waterville [illegible] tor, will be due in Bangor at 10.50 A. M. [illegible] Portland and Boston at 7.14 P. M.

Tickets sold to all stations on this line and Boston, and baggage checked.

June, 1869. EDWIN NOYES[illegible]

## PORTLAND & KENNEBEC RAILROAD.

Lower Kennebec Route to Portland and Boston, via Augusta.

Summer Arrangement, May 3, 1869.

PASSENGER TRAIN leaves Kendall's Mills for Portland and Boston, upon the arrival of the Bangor train, connecting with train for Boston leaving at 3 P. M.

Leave Portland daily at 12.45 P. M. connecting with train leaving Boston at 7.30 A. M., and connecting at Kendall's Mills with train on Maine Central for Newport, Dexter, Bangor, &c.

*Passengers from Bangor, Newport, Dexter &c.* will purchase tickets to Kendall's Mills only, and after taking the cars of the Portland and Kennebec Road, the Conductor will furnish tickets, and make the fare the same through to Portland, and Boston as via the Maine Central Road.

Fare as low by this route as by the Maine Central, and tickets purchased in Boston for Maine Central stations are good for a passage on this line. Passengers from Bangor, Newport, &c., will purchase tickets to Kendall's Mills only, and after taking the cars of the Portland and Kennebec Road, the Conductor will furnish tickets, and make the same through to Portland or Boston as via the Maine Central.

Passengers for Newport, Dexter, Bangor, &c., Augusta, will change cars at the first [illegible] Portland, making connection at Kendall's with train on Maine Central. Ample time [illegible] per is given at Kendall's Mills.

Through tickets are sold at Boston for all stations on this line, and Dexter, Bangor, &c., on the Maine Central.

Through freight trains leave Boston daily at [illegible] P. M., arriving at Brunswick the following [illegible] at 7.00 A. M., Bath 7.30, Lewiston 9.00, Augusta [illegible] Waterville 11.30, Kendall's Mills 12 o'clock [illegible] and Skowhegan 1.30 P. M.

Stages leave Kendall's Mills, Skowhegan, Norridgewock, Augusta and Bath, for the principal [illegible] North and East on their routes.

L. L. LINCOLN.

Augusta, April 30, 1869.

## Bangor, Oldtown and Milford

*RAILROAD COMPANY.*

Spring and Summer Arrangement.

ON and after THURSDAY the 29th inst., Trains will leave as follows, till further notice:

Leave Bangor at 6¼ A. M., 11¾ A. M., [illegible] P. M.
Leave Milford at [illegible] A. M., [illegible] P. M., [illegible] P. M.
Leave Oldtown at 9 A. M., 2 P. M., [illegible] P. M.
Leave Stillwater at 8¼ A. M., 2¼ P. M., [illegible] P. M.

N. T. SWAN, Agent.

Bangor, April 26th, 1869.

## Caution.

ALL persons are cautioned against depositing rubbish in the Streets and gutters as it is a violation of a City Ordinance, and offenders will be prosecuted.

TAYLOR DURGIN, Street Commissioner.

may 17

## Penobscot Savings Bank.

THIS BANK (chartered by the last Legislature) is now ready to transact business. Deposits will be received upon as favorable terms as by any other similar institution, at the Banking Room of the Eastern Bank, Mercantile Square. The well known responsibility of the parties connected with it is a sufficient guarantee of its safety and success.

A. M. ROBERTS, President,
EDWIN CLARK, Treasurer.

Bangor, April 1, 1869

## A PACIFIC RAILWAY

## GOLD LOAN

$6,500,000.

We beg leave to announce that we have undertaken the agency of the

Kansas Pacific Railway Company,

For the sale of the

New Seven Per Cent.

Thirty Year Gold Loan, Free from Tax.

This Loan amounts to $6,500,000.

*First Mortgage Land-Grant and Sinking Fund Bonds*

secured upon the extension of the Railway from near Sheridan, in Kansas, to Denver, Colorado, a distance of 237 miles, of which 12 miles are completed, and the rest is under construction. It is also a Mortgage upon the Road, the Rolling Stock and Franchise of this first-class Railway, besides the running through the State of Kansas.

And in Successful Operation for 437 Miles

West of the Missouri River, and earning already enough to meet all of its expenses and existing obligations, besides

*More than the Interest upon this New Loan.*

In addition to this the Bonds are also secured by a first mortgage of the

GOVERNMENT LAND GRANT OF THREE MILLION ACRES,

extending in alternate sections on either side of the track, from the 394th mile post in Kansas to Denver. The proceeds of the sale of these lands are to be invested by the Trustees in the 7 per cent. bonds themselves up to 120 or in U. S. Bonds, [illegible]

A Sinking Fund for the Redemption of the Bonds.

The lands embrace some of the finest portions of the magnificent territory of Colorado, including coal field and pinery. The Company also has an asset in another tract of

Three Millions of Acres in the State of Kansas,

and although not pledged as a security for the Loan, their possession adds largely to the Company's wealth and credit. We estimate the

Value of the Company's Property covered by this Mortgage, at $23,000,000 net, while the Loan is merely $6,500,000.

The Bonds have

THIRTY YEARS TO RUN,

From May 1, 1869, and will pay

Seven per cent. Interest in Gold

Semi-annually, on May 1 and Nov. 1, and are

Free from Government Taxation.

The Company paying the tax.

The PRINCIPAL of the Loan is made payable in GOLD, in the City of New York, but each coupon will be

Payable in Frankfort, London or New York

at option of the holder, without notice, at the following rates:

On $1,000 Bond in New York, $35 (gold) each half year.
On $1,000 Bond in London, £7 6s. 1d. each half year.
On $1,000 Bond in Frankfort, 87 flr. 30 krs. each half year.

The Agents of the Loan, before accepting the trust had the condition of the Road, and the country through which it runs, carefully examined. They are happy to give the Loan an unqualified endorsement as a

FIRST CLASS INVESTMENT,

In every respect perfectly sure, and in some essentials even

Better than Government Securities.

The Bonds will be sold for the present at

96, and accrued interest, both in Currency.

The Agents reserving the right to advance the price.

The attention of investors is invited to these secured bonds, which we recommend as one of the most profitable investments in the market.

Gold and Government Securities taken in payment at their market value, without commission.

Pamphlets, with maps giving full information, sent on application.

DABNEY, MORGAN & CO., No. 53 Exchange Place, N. Y.
M. K. JESUP & CO., No. 12 Pine Street, N. Y.

August 3, 1869. d3taw&wen w4m

## To Shingle Manufacturers.

HAVING obtained an extension of my Patent for Shingle Machines, which embraces all machines sawing lengthwise of the wood or with the grain. I hereby notify all persons that the only parties authorised to build those machines east of the Kennebec river are the Muzzy Iron Works and Thomas N. Egery of Bangor. All persons purchasing of other parties are liable to prosecution, and must not hope to escape notice.

H. H. EVARTS.

Bangor, Maine, Sept. 14th, 1869. dtf

BY
Daily [illegible]
TERMS—$8. [illegible]
The Bangor [illegible]
REA[illegible]
Board[illegible]
Real Est[illegible]
Real Esta[illegible]
For Sale [illegible]
ATTENT[illegible]
28 Main [illegible]
Good Ba[illegible]
Watches, Clock[illegible]
PATTEN & DI[illegible]
Fine Stereosco[illegible]
Onion[illegible]
Rubber Curry[illegible]
Notice[illegible]

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